Watchman

Bellefonte Republican.

Established In 1869} "Let Us See To it that A Government of the People, for the People and by the People, Shall Not perish from the Earth."—A. LINCOLN. TERMS: $1.50 Per Year.

VOL. XXVIII BELLEFONTE, PA., THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL 29, 1897. NO. 16

TO DO HONOR TO GRANT

The White Squadron Anchors in Front of the Tomb.

THE IDEAL SOLDIER AND STATESMAN

Lieut. Gen. Schofield Writes Eulogistically of the Character of the Great Commander—His Honesty and Justice Praised.

NEW YORK, April 25.—The White squadron left its anchorage off Tompkinsville, Staten Island, early this morning and sailed up the North river to its new anchorage off Grant's tomb, where it will remain until Wednesday or Thursday. Large crowds gathered at the Battery and on the piers of the North river front to see the vessels pass. The New York, the flagship of the squadron, with Admiral Bunce in command, took the lead and the dispatch boat Dolphin, from which President McKinley will review the naval parade, brought up the rear.

Lieut. Gen. John M. Schofield, U. S. A., (retired), has accepted the invitation of Mayor Strong to be one of the city's guests at the dedication of the Grant monument. Gen. Schofield, who was intimately associated with Grant, has written a letter in which he says that the greatest of all the traits of Grant's character was that which lay always upon the surface, visible to all who had eyes to see it. "That was his moral and intellectual honesty, integrity, sincerity, veracity and justice. He was incapable of any attempt to deceive anybody, except for legitimate purposes, as in military strategy; and above all he was incapable of deceiving himself. He possessed the rarest of all human faculties, the power of a perfectly accurate estimate of himself, uninfluenced by vanity, pride, ambition, flattery or self-interest. Grant was very far from being a modest man, as that word is generally understood. His just self-esteem was as far above it as it was above flattery.

When Grant's attention was called to any mistake he had committed, he would see and admit it as quickly and unreservedly as if it had been made by anybody else, and with a smile which expressed the exact opposite of that feeling which most men are apt to show under like circumstances. His love of truth and justice were so far above all personal considerations, that he showed unmistakeable evidence of gratification when any error into which he might have fallen was corrected. His pride in his own mature opinion was very great. This absolute confidence in his own judgement upon any subject he had mastered and the moral courage to take upon himself alone the highest responsibility and to demand full authority and freedom to act according to his own judgement, without interference from anybody, added to his accurate estimate of his own ability and his clear preception of the necessity for undivided authority and responsibility in the conduct of military operations and in all that concerns the efficiency of armies in time of war, constituted the foundation of that very great character. It has been said Grant, like Lincoln, was a typical American, and for that reason was most beloved and respected by the people. That is true of the statesman and the soldier, as well of the people, if it is meant that the highest type, that ideal which commands the respect and admiration of the highest and best in a man's nature, however far above himself. Soldiers and the people saw in Grant or in Lincoln, not one of themselves, not a plain man of the people, nor yet a superior being whom they could not understand, but the personification of their highest ideal of a citizen, soldier or a statesman, a man whose greatness they could see and understand as plainly as they could anything else under the sun. And there was no more mystery about it than there was in the popular mind."

Married at Sunbury.

The Sunbury Item says: Thursday evening at 8:30 o'clock, William O'Neil, of Lock Haven, and Miss Lillie Summers, of Aaronsburg, Centre county, were united in Holy wedlock at the home of Frank King, on River avenue. The ceremony was performed by Rev. W. H. Hartzler. A large number of friends and relatives were present. Mrs. Kinley was bridesmaid and Mr. Kinley was groomsman. After the ceremony an elegant repast was served.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Historic Sites.

Maryland contains several places of note connected with early Methodist history. On Sams Creek Robert Strawbridge preached, made converts and built a log meeting house. This work divides with that of Philip Embury in New York the honor of being the first establishment of American Methodism. During the past two years the Methodist of Maryland' under lead of Dr. Goucher of Baltimore, have made a pilgrimage to Sams Creek to mark the site and also to Harford county to the site of Cokesbury college, the first Methodist school in the new world. From here a stone once in the foundation of the building was procured, which has found a resting place in the foundation of the hall of history of our newest school, the American university at Washington. Nov. 24, 1896, a memorial tablet was placed on the front wall of the Merchants' club building, German street, Baltimore, which occupies the site of the meeting house in which the Christmas conference was held in 1784, when the Methodist Episcopal church was organized. Exercises appropriate to the occasion were held in the splendid First church, which is the lineal successor of the Lovely lane meeting house. All our people should be interested in our early history. Doubtless many will in the future visit these historic spots. To mark the sites is a labor for which Dr. Goucher and his coworkers deserve the thanks of the denomination.

The Murder of Stickney.

SOMERSWORTH, N. H. April 25.—The room in Berwick of Joseph E Kelley, the confessed murder of Cashier Stickney, of the Great Falls National Bank, was searched to-night and in it were found the keys of the Great Falls National bank, which were taken from Cashier Stickney's pocket by Kelly at the time of the murder. The keys were on a common wire ring, together with a brass tag, on each side of which was engraved the name of J. A. Stickney. A Roman coin was also found attached to the ring. The officers also found a box containing a dark mustache and gotee. These articles were discovered in the chimney of the wall where Kelly dropped them through a funnel hole, after his return from the orchard. In the corner of the room the officers discovered a white shirt, on the sleeve of which were small blood spots.

Black's Civil Service Bill.

ALBANY, N.Y., April 24.- What is known as the Governor's civil service bill passed the Assembly to-day, having reviously passed the Senate. The bill provides for a double system of civil service examinations. Candidates take the examination before civil service commissioners, but under no circumstances can they receive over fifty marks. The head of the bureau or department, for a place in which the candidate applies, has a right to give a rating for efficiency not exceeding fifty marks. By adding the two results together, the applicant's percentage is secured. The result would be that heads of departments would be practically untrammeled in selecting their subordinates, despite the constitutional provision to the contrary.

Cannot Be Found.

PHILADELPHIA, April 25.-George Erickson, who, since the death of his brother, John M. Erickson, six years ago, has had a half interest in and has managed the real estate business of John M. Erickson & Co., 3947 Lancaster avenue, is missing, and constables who have, since March 30, been endeavoring to serve a warrant of arrest upon him, have thus far been unsuccessful in their quest. John E. Lonergan, of 865 North Fortieth street, a client of the firm, caused the warrant to be issued and the charge made by him is embezzlement, the amount being placed at $600.

Other property owners are also losers, and the indebtedness for rents collected and not paid will reach from $14,000 to $15,000.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.

Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c, $1. All druggists.

Vestibule Train Derailed.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., April 25.- Southern vestibule train No. 38 northbound, was derailed two and one-half miles north of Blackburg, S. C., at 7. 15o' clock to-night.

The engine, postal, baggage and express cars, the combination passenger coach and the front trucks of the first sleeper were thrown from the track Engineer Pettus and Fireman Sigman were injured, but neither was fatally hurt. No passengers were injured.

FIERCE FIGHTING

Telegram From Larissa, April 23, Which Was Delayed in Transmission

FIERCE ARTILLERY BATTLE FOUGHT

The Turks Made a Furious Assault Upon the Greeks With Three Battalions of Infantry, Supported by Two Batteries of Artillery.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE GREEK ARMY LARISSA, April 23—Night.—Delayed in transmission.

The development of the Greek position in front of Tyrnavo continues. Colonel Andononitz, with a brigade of the Second division, arrived from the west yesterday evening and took up a position south of Deliler, with the right wing, which is now 8,000 strong and commanded by General Mavromichaelis. The left wing is under the command of General Mastropons and is composed of 5,000 infantry and six batteries of artillery, thirty-six guns. It occupies a position from the Mati road to Deliler. On the extreme right is the cavalry brigade, composed of five squadrons. The plan of the Greek commander is evidently not to press attacks until reinforcements arrive from Athens.

The Turks have not less than 9,000 infantry, three squadrons of cavalry and twenty-two guns. During Thursday night a battalion of Evzones was entrenched on a hill in the center of the Greek position, and the whole of the Greek line has been advanced. The Foreign legion was held in reserve.

From dawn until 10 o'clock a fierce artillery battle raged, and then a battalion of Greek infantry and a mountain battery opened from the left of Mati on the Turkish line along the ridge above Mati and the mouth of the pass. The Turks retired under a galling fire, and for a time the Turkish artillery poured in Schrapnell shells, but they were harmless, blazing too high.

At midday firing ceased until 1 o'clock, when the Turks made a furious assault upon the Greeks with three battalions of infantry, supported by two batteries of artillery, pushing forward from Gritzovail towards Kutavi, which was held by Mavromichaeli's infantry and the mountain batteries. The latter poured a hot fire on the advancing Turks, while both attacking and defending infantry engaged in rapid firing

Then the Turks again tried Schrapnell, but without avail, Reinforcements soon came to the aid of the Greeks and the engagement was continued until night-fall, the Greeks stubbornly contesting the Turkish advance, though the Turks succeed in gaining two kilometres during the course of the day.

Although four desperate attacks were made upon the Greek left by the Turkish batteries, the Greek cannon thundered fast and furious, while the Greek infantry, extended on the mountain side, poured rapid volleys into the Turkish lines, repelled each advance and, at night-fall, the Greeks had gained ground.

Views of The Greek Premier.

LONDON, April 26.—The Times to-day publishes a dispatch from Athens, dated Saturday night, giving an account of an interview of the Times correspondent there with the Greek premier, M. Delyannis. The latter is quoted as saying that neither the king nor the goverment had received any information that day from the Greek army in Thessaly beyond the announcement that the Greek forces had been succesfully concentrated at Pharsala, to which place they had retreated in good order, saving all their artillery except the siege guns, which they had been forced to abandon.

General Smolenski's column, concerning which the greatest anxiety was felt, has reached Pharsala safely, and, the premier added, 40,000 Greek troops are now concentrated at Pharsala, which is a place of considerable strength, the advisability of occupying it in case of retreat having long been under consideration by the government.

The minister, The Times' correspondent reports, said on Saturday that there were 30,000 Greek troops gathered at Pharsala, and that every effort was being made to reinforce them. About 2,500 gendarmes and engineers were then leaving Athens for Volo.

Greece Not Discouraged.

ATHENS, April 25- Midnight.- The spirits of the Athenians are rallying from the shock they experienced on receipt of the news of the retreat of the Greek army from Larissa to Pharsala, and the talk of presevering with the war is more general.

The newspaper comments are, as a rule, more hopeful and people are beginning to recognize that the situation is not as critical as at first supposed. A detatchment of 350 Garibaldians have left this city for Epirus, but Ricotti Garibaldi remains here to organize the Italian volunteers, who are constantly arriving. Colonel Manos, the commander of the Greek troops operating against the Turks in Epirus, is preparing to leave Arta and resume the march upon Janina. The excitement here is increasing and in many quarters cabinet crisis is expected. Dispatches received from Arta, dated Saturday evening, announce that detachments of Greek troops were leaving there for Filhpiada.

Chatham to be Sold at Auction.

FREDERICKSBURG, VA, April 23.—Historic old Chatham, just opposite this city, is to be sold at auction. The mansion was built in 1730 by William Fitzhugh. The original grant was to Lee, but Fitzhugh acquired it by intermarriage with a Lee, of Stratford. Fitzhugh sold it to Major Churchill Jones, who fought through the war of the Revolution under Col. Washington, of Stafford, a cousin of George Washington. About 15 years ago Major J. Horace Lacy sold the property to Mr. Oliver Watson, and the present owner is Mr. William Mays, of Ohio, who resides on it.

Gen. George Washington was a frequent visitor at Chatham. It was there that he first met Martha Dandridge, nee Custis, who became Mrs. Washington. Gen. R. E. Lee also courted his wife at this charming old place.

During the war Gen. McDowell had his headquarters there, and President Lincoln was there for several days. From the shores of Chatham the pontoon bridges were thrown across the Rappahannock river for the Federal army, under Burnside, to cross to the bloody, but, for the Federals, disastrous battle of Fredericksburg. It is said that in old times the number of visitors at Chatham were so great that the horses in the stables belonging to guests frequently numbered fifty.

Indigestion is often taken for consumption. The word consumption means wasting away, and dyspeptics often waste away as badly as consumptives.

The reason people waste away is because either they don't get enough to eat or they don't digest what they do eat.

If the latter is your trouble, take Shaker Digestive Cordial. This will help you to digest your food and stop your loss of flesh.

Shaker Digestive Cordial is made from herbs, barks and the juices of fruit, by the well-known Shakers at Mount Lebanon. It possesses great tonic and digestive powers.

Shaker Digestive Cordial has cured many supposed consumptives (who were really dyspeptics), by simply helping their stomachs to digest their food, thus giving them nourishment and new strength.

Sold by druggists. Trial bottles 10 cents.

House Accepts the Chess Challenge.

LONDON, April 24.—The Times prints to-day the letter of Richmond Pearson, Congressman from North Carolina, to Henniker Heaton, member of Parliament for Canterbury, accepting the latter's proposal for an international chess match between members of Congress and members of Parliament.

They Flogged Him.

At Ansonia, Tioga county, Tuesday a tramp entered the house of Mrs. L. C. Warren and made himself generally obnoxious. A crowd of men from the Fall Brook station afterwards captured the nomad, stripped him and flogged him with hickory switches until he begged for mercy.

Has a Little Daughter.

LONDON, April 25.—The Duchess of York was safely delivered of a daughter at York cottage, Sandringham, at half-past 3 o'clock this afternoon. Mother and child are both well.

Do Your Feet Ache?

Shake into your shoes Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Tired, Sweating, Aching feet. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Sample FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted Le Roy, N. Y.

GRANT DAY IN NEW YORK

A Million Visitors Gather at the Tomb of the Hero.

GOTHAM'S POPULATION DOUBLED

The Great Parade of Military, Naval and Civic Organizations the Most Magnificent Ever Seen in New York City.

NEW YORK, April 27.—The day broke clear with a bright sun and a trifle cool with a brisk wind. The parade, judged by every standard, was one of the most picturesque events in the history of state or nation. The Columbian parade pales into insignificance when compared with it. To future generations its compliment was the climax of the great army review in Washington at the end of the war of the rebellion. Then a divided nation proclaimed Grant a hero. To-day the United nation reveres his memory.

From all parts of the Union visitors came to New York, for the time being losing identity. Everywhere can be seen groups who, by their habiliments, betoken their strangeness to the metropolis. The population of the city is doubled. Never was such a crowd seen from Union square to Riverside Park.

THE PARADE.

Promptly at 10,30 the land parade started. General Dodge, preceded by a platoon of police and a band from Governors Island, led the way. President McKinley occupied a landeau of Parisian make, the only here. Behind the presidential party rode Mrs. Grant and family, Major Strong and General Porter. Mrs. Grant and family had an escort of four comrades of the Society of the Army of Tennessee, four companions of the Loyal Legion, and four veterans of the Grand Army. She was given a heartier reception of cheers than the president. The West point cadets were loudly cheered. Governor Black, surrounded by staff, headed the second division. Then came the governors of Tennessee and other states. First in line was Hastings, of Pennsylvania, followed by the provisional brigade picked from the National Guard of Pennsylvania.

It was impossible—owing to the length of the parade—for those in charge of the ceremonies at the tomb to delay them until the head of the marching column reached Riverside. Bishop John P. Newman, who was a close personel friend of General Grant, and his pastor in Washington when he was president, offered the opening prayer, after which General Horace Porter, as president of the Monument association, delivered an address, presenting the monument to Mayor Strong, who received it on behalf of the city. President McKinley then spoke and Archbishop Corrigan pronounced the benediction. The oratory was interspersed with the singing of patriotic songs by a chorus of one thousand voices, accompanied by an orchestra of one hundred pieces, under the direction of Walter Damrosch, and the vast assemblage joined in when the doxology was announced.

SOUTHERNERS ADMIRED.

The southerners were much admired for their soldierly appearance. Stonewall Jackson's first cavalry, the Richmond Blues, were the escort of Governor Charles O'Ferrell, of Virginia, who led the National Guard of that state. They attracted much attention and were heartily applauded. Governor Bushnell, of Ohio, and staff attracted much attention. Governor Bushnell is a general with a war record. He was supported by a picked detachment of cavalry, infantry and artillery from the Ohio National Guard. And the third division was led by cadets of the American Guard of the public schools, private scholars and academies.

INDIANS IN LINE.

General Howard rode at the head of the veterns of the land and sea force union. The "vets" were given an ovation. Everyone thought that when cheering the troops they were also cheering Grant. A staff of a hundred veterans acted as Howard's escort. Following the Union veterans came the Confederate veterans and sons. The Confederate cavalrymen were at the head. They were given a hearty welcome.

The civic division came next, Colonel Homer, grand marshal. The letter carriers formed the first brigade. Then came the firemen, public schools, and Ancient Order of Hibernians. One of the features was a tribe of Sioux Indians with Col. Cody and Chief Joseph. The Nez Perces were present upon the invitation of General Miles.

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

State College Graduating Class.

The graduating class at the Penna State College is now making extensive preparations for the thirty fifth annual commencement, which will be held in June. The class numbers thirty-five, of which thirty-four are men and one woman. Those who will graduate are as follows:

William C. B. Alexander, Maderia, mining engineer; Homer Hilier Allen, Erie, chemistry; William; Jacob Auburn, McKeesport, electrical engineering; Thomas Brumgardner, Lancaster, mechanical engineering; John Abraham Boyer, Shellsville general sciences; David Paul Conrad Houtzdale, electrical engineering, Albert Leighton Cromlish, Pittsburg chemistry; John McCollough Dom, Dawson, civil engineering; James Arnold Dunsmore, Glen Richey, mining engineering; Charles William Hardt, Wellsborough, mining engineering; John Tonner Harris, Bellefonte, electrical engineering; Edward Reber Hellig, Reading, electrical engineering; Ermin Forest Hill, Hughesville, general sciences; Walter Emery Housman, Altoona, mechanical engineering; Charles Walter Lawrence, Grove City, civil engineering; Luther Luellis Leisher, Boalsburg, electrical engineering; Charles Edgar Mason, Altoona. electrical engineering; Adams Stratton McAlister, Covington, Va., electrical engineering; John Ellwood McCullough, Altoona, chemistry; Frank Raymond McGee, McGee's Mills, mechanical engineering; Robert Musgrove McKinley, Pittsburg, mechanical engineering; James Stanley McMichael, Oakdale Station, mining engineering; Joseph Warren Miller, Jr., Harrisburg, mathematics; William Shaw Montgomery, McEwensville, electrical engineering; Edward Heintzleman Myers, Boalsburg, mathematics; John Edwin Schueler, Baltimore, general sciences; Paulding Foote Sellers, Santa Fe, New Mexico, electrical engineering; Joseph Walter Simmers, Phoenixville, mechanical engineering; William Holmes Teas, Philadelphia, chemistry; Elizabeth Boal Thompson, Lemont, biology; Joseph Thompson, State College, mechanical engineering; Warren Ray Thompson, Lykens, electrical engineering; Robert Edwin Tyson, Pen Argyl, mechanical engineering; Frank Knight Zentmyer, Clearfield, mechanical engineering.

Firemen Meet.

The Executive Board of the Central District Firemen's Association, met at the Windsor Hotel, Clearfield, Monday afternoon.

W. C. Langsford, of Houtzdale, is president of the association, and W. A. Moore, of DuBois, secretary. Frank Hess, of Philipsburg, Eugene Heims, of Osceola, J. D. Connelly, of Clearfield, E. W. Gray, and Jas. Whitehill, chief of the fire department, DuBois, and Chas. E. Patton, of Curwensville, were present.

The transportation committee are Harry Jackson, Bellefonte; C. E. Patton, Curwensville; Wm. Kerns, Tyrone; Frank Hess, Philipsburg; John C. Smith, Clearfield.

Committee on exhibits are James Whitehill, DuBois; Frank Weber, Philipsburg; J. D. Connelly, Clearfield; W. W. Kerns, Tyrone; H. H. Beringer, DuBois.

W. L. Johnson, of DuBois, was selected to make the response to the address of welcome.

The same rule regulating the conduct of the firemen, as heretofore, will be enforced.

The meeting of the District convention will be at Houtzdale, August 17th and 18th.—Clearfield Monitor.

Everybody Says So.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

THE ELEVENTH HOUR

When Katherine threw open the shutters that morning a flood of yellow sunlight greeted her, and the subtle fragrance of many flowers laden with dew.

It was certainly a fine morning, yet Katherine, Nature's disciple though she was, felt that for all its beauty it still lacked something which cannot be defined in mere words and is only obvious to the senses through the heart.

She had felt it before her eyes unclosed on her pillow, before she was fairly awake, and before memory and reality had come back to her. Now, as she looked gravely out across the garden and the river and the clustering roofs beyond, she wondered vaguely if Jack's going away had occasioned this gnawing restlessness and dissatisfaction with which she seemed to view all things past, present and future.

She would miss Jack—miss his rare, sweet smile, his restful voice, his pleasant ways.

Never since their earliest childhood had they been separated longer than a few months at a time. He had always been her friend, her comrade. Having no brothers of her own, he had stood to her rather in the light of this relation. It had never occurred to her that Jack might regard her with other than brotherly affection. Therefore, when he one day asked her suddenly to marry him, and had told her how necessary she was to his happiness, she had been startled, at first, then quite inclined to treat the matter as a joke.

It was a long time before she could understand that he was terribly in earnest. Grieved beyond expression, she had told him frankly that she could not marry him because she did not think she cared for him as she ought to care for the man she married. And Jack, putting all thought of self out of the question, forebore to press his suit further, and begged that in the future she should regard him exactly as she had done in the past.

But this was impossible. Each felt a restraint in the presence of the other that it was useless to try to conceal. Jack felt that he could not go on seeing her daily, knowing that she was not for him, so the evening before the morning on which my story opens he had come to tell her that he was going away—had been sent as staff correspondent to Japan, and that it was quite possible they might not meet again for years. He himself had known it for some time, but somehow he could not bear to tell her until the last. He should leave the city on the morrow. His steamer sailed the day after. And Katherine could say nothing except to wish him God-speed and a safe return, trying with all her might to keep the tears out of her eyes and voice.

As she turned from the window her glance fell upon his photograph, framed and standing on her dressing-table. She took it up and looked at it long and earnestly. The frank, smiling eyes, the firm chin, the tender mouth—there was no trace of weakness or irresolution in them all.

She put the photograph suddenly down as a great wave of dull, aching loneliness swept over her.

An hour later she surprised her family by appearing at the breakfast table gowned and bonneted for a journey.

"I am going to spend the day with Aunt Patience," she explained, smiling. "I have neglected her quite too long."

Aunt Patience was really not aunt to Katherine at all, but one of those delightful old ladies to whom people are always anxious to claim relationship. She lived in the country, hardly twenty miles distant, with her brother, who, like herself, had never married.

When Katherine alighted at the country station of Brightwood the summer day was already well advanced, and she lost no time in setting out for her destination. As she walked along the shady lane and felt the crisp grass beneath her feet and smelled the fresh, sweet odor blown from wood and field, her heart lightened curiously.

Aunt Patience had seen her coming up the little path that led from the gate, and met her at the door with a kiss and a hearty welcome.

"Dear child, how bonny you are! How the sight of you gladdens my old eyes! I've been grieving this long while lest my deary should forget me among all of her fine friends."

"As if I could ever do that!" Katherine replied, with moistened eyes.

"Well, well—come in. This is a right joyful day for me to have both my precious children again—"

"Both!" echoed Katherine, in surprise.

They had crossed the little entry and were entering the best room. A tall figure came forward from the window with hands outstretched.

"Well, Katherine!" Jack said, looking down at her with happy eyes.

It was quite a moment before she found her voice sufficiently to speak.

"Why, how is this? I thought you were going away to-day!"

"And so I am; but of course not without bidding Aunt Patience good-by. If you had been able to take an earlier train, Katherine, we might have come down together. You aren't sorry that I'm here?" he asked presently, as Aunt Patience left the room for an instant.

"Sorry! How could I be that?" And Katherine's eyes met his frankly.

He turned away with a quick drawn breath.

"Ah, Katherine, Katherine!" he said reproachfully. "Your words mean so much and your eyes so little."

Fortunately for both Aunt Patience returned just then. The dear old lady was in her gayest and most reminiscent mood. She recalled so many of Jack's youthful pranks that he felt, as he said, quite like a boy again. It was wonderful how she remembered things long since escaped from the minds of the participants themselves—little trivial happenings which revealed to Katherine how large a place she and Jack had filled in that gentle, colorless life.

Aunt Patience would have none of Katherine's proffered assistance in the preparation of the noonday meal.

"No, no, child! 'Tis little enough you know about such things. You would only soil your pretty hands, and besides, you must talk to Jack. It may be a weary long day ere you see each other again."

At the stroke of noon she came out upon the porch, where the two were seated.

"The dinner horn!" cried Katherine, clapping her hands gleefully.

"Toot—toot—too—t!" Katherine blew with a will

"Ah, I knew the minute I heerd the horn it warn't Patience a blowing of it!" the little, bent, kindly-eyed man said, as he took Katherine's soft hands in his hard brown ones. "How air ye, Katherine? But I needn't to ask. You're as pretty and sweet as one of Patience's pinks there. And John, too—well, well!"

Uncle Dan was quite overcome with surprise and delight.

"So you're going to Japan, eh? Ain't that a rather sudden move for ye? I'll wager you'll wish yourself back inside of three days of your landing."

"I've no doubt of it, sir," Jack answered, looking anywhere but at Katherine, who sat opposite him at the small round table.

"Very foolish in him, is it not?" she said, trying to speak as naturally as was possible under the circumstances.

"These boys—these boys! Soon's ever they get full grown they needs must be scampering off to see new sights and new countries, as if their own warn't good enough for them! Why don't ye get married, John, and settle down like a sensible creature, I'd like to know? Here's Katherine—what's the matter with Katherine, John?"

Katherine flushed hotly.

"Can't agree, Uncle Dan," she laughed.

"Speak for yourself, Katherine," Jack said in a low direct tone.

Jack's train left at five, and in the course of the afternoon he coaxed Katherine to visit with him those scenes in which they had a common and very tender interest. There was one spot especially—a place by the brook where a willow drooped its graceful boughs almost to the surface of the restless, sparkling water. The willow had been a tender sapling in the days when they played at housekeeping beneath its branches.

Katherine sat down on the soft turf and drew her hand lingeringly through the clear, cool water. Recollection lent a sweet gravity to her fair face, and Jack, watching her with his whole tender, aching heart in his eyes, thought he had never seen her look so lovely.

"Do you suppose, Katherine," he asked at last in an odd, low voice, "that you will ever come here after I am gone?"

She was silent.

"I should like to know that you would," he went on wistfully, "for old times' sake, if for nothing more."

She rose suddenly to her feet, flirting the drops of water from her hand with a little, impatient movement. In the light that sifted through the quivering green leaves she looked quite pale.

Jack caught her by the shoulders.

"Tell me Katherine," he cried passionately, "shall you?"

She swung loose from him, laughing a little—faintly.

"Shall I—come, do you mean? Oh, yes, I suppose so! I never visit Aunt Patience without strolling down here, you know. I like the water and the willow and the—quiet."

Jack set his teeth hard, and turning, began to walk silently at her side back across the green meadow.

In the distance the whistle of an approaching train sounded shrilly. He stopped with a dismayed exclamation.

"It can't be possible—but yes, it is—it is my train!" He glanced at his watch. "We lingered too long under the willow, Katherine. I shall have barely time to bid Aunt Patience good-bye now."

Katherine put her hand to her throat. Her lips moved vainly in an effort to speak. Then a low sob burst from them.

"Katherine, my dear, my dear, do you really care like this? But I must go—there's my train!"

He pressed her hands hard. Then of a sudden her voice came back to her. She cried out piteously—

"Oh, I can't let you go—I can't live without you, Jack—Jack, stay until—I can go, too!"

Aunt Patience was frantically beckoning to them from the porch as they leisurely approached the house, hand in hand. The train was just gliding out of the station.

"Jack," she called, as soon as they were within speaking distance, "there goes your train! It's too bad! I tried to warn you in time, but—"

Something in the young people's faces as they drew nearer gave her a suspicion of the truth.

"Then you ain't going?" she said in slow wonder.

"Well, no—at least not until I can take Katherine with me. You see I've just made a promise to that effect, and—congratulate me, Aunt Patience! I'm the happiest man alive, and she is—"

"The happiest woman," finished Katherine, softly.

Bishop McCabe and Mr. Ingalls.

Ex-Senator Ingalls evidently owes Bishop C. C. McCabe an apology. He owes this not so much for his mistake in attributing to the bishop remarks which he did not make, as for the gratuitous insult in his declaration in his open letter to the bishop: "I talk and write—as you preach—for money." If Mr. Ingalls had been acquainted with Bishop McCabe and his history he would have known that such a statement was utterly untrue.

When the bishop began preaching he probably did not receive as salary $100 a year. Had he been after money he would have become an opera singer, for he had a voice which charmed all who heard it and has thrilled hundreds of thousands with its music. Soon after he entered the ministry the war broke out and he enlisted as chaplain. While caring for the wounded on the battlefield he was captured and sent to Libby prison, where he spent some months. Several years after the war he was invited to give a talk to a number of children on his prison experiences and he selected as his subject "The Bright Side of Life in Libby Prison." The children were charmed and they spoke so much about the address that the bishop, then known as Chaplain McCabe, was requested to prepare a lecture on the same subject. He did so and has delivered it hundreds of times since. Indeed, he has delivered it so often that he declares it to be the oldest chestnut in the Methodist Episcopal church, except a few bish ops' sermons." By its delivery churches, missions and other benevolent enterprises have been aided to the extent of about $200,000. The bishop has, by reason of his special abilities, held positions that paid fair salaries, but small compared with men in business holding corresponding positions. But of the salary he has received, a large part has been given away for benevolence.

It must be true that Mr. Ingalls talks and writes for money, for he says it is, but it is not true that Bishop McCabe preaches for money. —Chicago Record.

Lost A Torpedo Shell.

New York, April 16.—The battleship Indiana, which lies anchored off Tompkinsville, lost one of her torpedo shells on the morning of the 14th, while at target practice.

The torpedo shell was a blank one, eighteen feet long, and was fired at an imaginary target 500 yards distant from the battle-ship. When fired on Wednesbay morning, the mechanism of the shell got out of order, and the practice crew were unable to find it. It is supposed that the air chambers got out of order.

The torpedo shell cost $2,500, and several boat crews from the Indiana have searched the waters of the upper and lower bay endeavoring to locate it, but so far without success.

Pure Brandy.

We call our readers attention to the following testimonial from undoubted authority on the excellence and purity of Speer's Climax Brandy.

MR. SPEER:—I congratulate you on a recent unsought testimonial as to the purity of your brandy. Lady Duffus Hardy, of London, England, an old acquaintance of mine, on tasting from the bottle of brandy we brought from Passaic, immediately asked me to get a like one for her, which I did. The English aristocrats, you know, male and female, are pretty good judges of brandy—I remain, Yours truly.

PRENTICE MULFORD, Editor Graphic.

Speer's Old Port Grape Wine from his Oporto Grape vineyards at Passaic, N. J., his Socialite Claret, vin. 1881, and his luscious Burgundy stand unrivalled by any wines in the world, especially for invalids.

A Tragedy.

"Mary had a dreadful experience on her trip to Plainsville."

"How was that?"

"Why, she got something in her eye and it hurt her so that she asked a nice-looking young man to look for it, and he was so dreadfully near-sighted that he got so close that his big mustache tickled her nose so that in trying not to sneeze right in his face she burst four buttons off her new spring jacket."

"Dear me!"

One Better.

Englishman (in British museum)—"This book, sir, was once owned by Cicero."

American Tourist—"Pshaw! That's nothing. Why, in one of our American museums we have the lead-pencil that Noah used to check off the animals as they came out of the ark."—From Tit-Bits.

"MORE MONEY" CRY.

IT COMES FROM FARMERS, WHO HAVE A REAL MONETARY GRIEVANCE.

They May Be Mistaken as to the Cause and Remedy but Not as to the Existence of Their Trouble—Why Interest Is High In the West and South—Statistics of Banking Power In Different Sections.

Upon tracing the movement for a larger volume of circulation back for a score of years it will be found that it has invariably manifested greatest strength in the agricultural sections of the country. Obviously, then, we must seek for the underlying causes in these communities.

When the subject is analyzed, it will be observed that the ground for discontent at existing conditions lies in the fact that notwithstanding greatly improved means of production, notwithstanding greater facilities and materially reduced rates for the transportation and distribution of products, the agriculturist, upon whom so large a part of our economic system is dependent, finds himself, generally speaking, after a twelvemonth of hard work, no farther ahead than at the beginning of the year, and in many instances his status is worse. Through the failure to make a proportionate income he has not been able to reduce, but has, in fact, increased his money obligations.

It is not maintained that such is the case throughout the land, nor are all agriculturists entitled to equal credit for care and economy. Many cases there are, doubtless, where sympathy is not deserved, but in most of the communities where discontent prevails the reason here given is the true one, the dissertations of self satisfied theorists to the contrary notwithstanding.

Numerous examinations made by painstaking investigators warrant the statement that the unequal distribution of capital and of money and the consequent gross inequality in interest rates are the chief cause of the inability to carry on the important business of agriculture profitably.

The sections of the country polling the largest silver vote in 1896 have, generally speaking, insufficient credit facilities. The small farmer who, advancing from the condition of farm laborer, seeks a larger measure of independence and greater comforts for his family, is not only compelled to mortgage his realty, frequently at rates as high as 15 per cent, but is under the necessity of borrowing upon his prospective crop. Having no banking office to call upon, he turns to the storekeeper, who extends credit for the needed supplies and taxes the borrower first for interest upon the loan, second in the way of increased prices for staples furnished and finally in the way of discounts or commissions upon the product of the farm turned in as payment. These items not infrequently aggregate 30 per cent upon the actual credit extended, and in a very large number of cases the total exceeds 20 per cent.

It is perhaps unnecessary to add that business of any kind under such conditions would be unpofitable.

Is it, then, surprising when the agriculturist, who knows little relatively of the principles of sound finance, imagines that an increase in the volume of money would benefit him? Is it to be wondered at, when he hears or reads of money going begging at 2 per cent in the metropolis, he fancies that, by some hocus pocus, Wall street is constantly striving to grind him down?

It is our business to teach him otherwise; to teach him that the prosperity of the commercial centers is closely interwoven with his—is, in fact, largely dependent upon his welfare—but the lesson can only be brought home to him by the introduction of means through which his own prosperity shall be assured. For, even as it is impossible to interest a starving man in the plan of salvation, so the debt ridden farmer can only acquire faith in our views of sound finance when relieved of his present onerous burdens. To him a system which operates so unequally as the existing one does must appear not only unsound, but absolutely tyrannical. Any change, he feels, would be for the better. Consequently the southern farmer demanded the reinstatement of the state bank note system four years ago, and last year the free coinage of silver appeared to him the best solution of the difficulty.

The remedy is manifestly not to be found in any form of inflation of our circulation, but in providing by legislation or otherwise increased credit facilities, both for long term loans upon mortgages and short term credits upon crops, and a better distribution of the circulation which we have.

In this, as in many other matters, we must refer for guidance to human experience elsewhere. In no country has the system of advancing short time credits to agriculturists reached the high state of development which is found in Scotland. The Scotch banker has learned that the farmer is, under a well guarded system, as fairly entitled to credits to float his venture as the merchant or the manufacturer.

Scotland has one banking firm for each 4,000 of population and a ratio of banking capital to total resources of banks of 1 to 12. By this economy in the use of capital the banks are able to declare dividends averaging fully 10 per cent while giving credits ordinarily at rates rarely exceeding 4 per cent, and every hamlet in the kingdom has a banking office within its limits or in its immediate vicinity. * * *

Taking the states of Alabama, Mississippi and Arkansas as an example, it will be found that these have about 4,000,000 population and 171 banking institutions, including private bankers, with a total capital of $17,000,000; total resources, $40,000,000, or a ratio of capital to resources about 1 to 2 1-3, and one banking office to 23,000 of population.

The reason for exorbitant interest rates in the last mentioned section is obvious. And it will continue to exist unless some means of economizing capital, as is done in Scotland, is provided and the storekeeper is compelled by competition to reduce rates. The comptroller of the currency, in his annual report for 1896, presents a table showing the banking power of the several states and territories, from which the following abstract is compiled, to illustrate this point more forcibly:

AVERAGE BANKING POWER PER CAPITA, UNITED STATES, 1896.

	National, state and private banks.	Loan and trust companies.	Savings banks.	All.
United States	$52.63	$10.95	$29.91	$93.69
Maximum, Rhode Island	121.85	64.02	185.75	371.62
Minimum, Arkansas	4.86	—	—	4.86
6 New England states	78.90	20.60	152.50	252.00
6 middle states	69.74	22.73	34.53	127.00
13 southern states	17.98	.04	.69	18.70
8 central states	48.14	2.41	6.34	56.89
13 western states	84.89	—	1.68	86.57
4 Pacific states	46.88	—	26.69	73.57

The great disparity between the banking facilities is seen at a glance. The six New England states, with an estimated population (1896) of 5,200,000, possess nearly $79 per capita; the 13 southern states, with 20,000,000 population, show barely $18 per capita, or 22 per cent of the former. Including savings banks and loan and trust companies the ratio is materially reduced, the south showing only 7 per cent of the amount given for New England. Analyzing the items given in the last column, as stated in the comptroller's table, it is found that the states and territories representing 70 per cent of the population have less than 33 per cent of the entire banking power, estimated at $6,700,000,000.—Maurice L. Muhleman in New York Herald.

"Free Coinage" Demand Is Misleading.

If any advocate of the free coinage of silver dollars or copper dollars or iron dollars at any ratio, 16 to 1, more or less, will agree to stop there and ask nothing more, I for one am prepared to meet him, and in that way to stop the present contest. Who would want them? Not one of these men will consent to free coinage on those terms. Not one of them would be satisfied. Not one of them would then get what he is after under the pretext that free coinage and "equal rights of gold and silver" are all that he wants. I challenge any one to find an advocate of free coinage at 16 to 1 on these simple terms—that both gold and silver should be treated alike; that both gold and silver coins shall be made for any one who takes the bullion to the mint to any number that he wants. I challenge any advocate of free coinage to deny that free coinage, pure and simple, is not what he demands, and not one of them will dare to meet this challenge.

This demand for free coinage is a cover intended to conceal the true purpose of those who ask it. Most of those who support this measure have been deceived and misled. Let such men put the question to any owner of silver mines, to any senator or representative in congress or to any and every candidate on the free coinage platform in the following terms:

"If we grant free or unlimited coinage, without charge for the coining, will you demand nothing more?" Not a man who knows what the true purpose is will answer "Yes" to that question.—Edward Atkinson.

Increasing the Volume of the Currency.

Capital—By dividing this one dollar it becomes two, which makes more money. I pay you these two dollars for wages, you see.

Labor—But when I go to buy bread I find them only worth one, so I don't see it.—From "Robinson Crusoe's Money," by David A. Wells.

Can't Export Laws.

No civilized country can confine its citizens within its own territory or prohibit all commercial intercourse with other countries. Every country, therefore, needs money which can be used in purchase from and in payment of its debts to other countries. Yet, howsoever great a country may be, and however absolute may be the power of its government, its laws can have no extraterritorial effect. No government, therefore, can prescribe the standard by which its currency shall be valued in any other country, or compel the citizens of another country to receive its currency save at the bullion value of that currency in the markets of the world.

Silver Versus Milk.

Up in Iowa they have given up silver and have a softer snap. They make $41,500,000 in Iowa from their cows alone. That beats free silver, doesn't it—beats it all hollow? They make $41,500,000 selling milk, butter, cheese and calves, and at the end of the year they have the same old Bossy and Speck and Spot and Brindle and Bess that they had the year before. The Kansas cow is sticking her head over the pasture fence, lowing and mooing, with her bag swelling with $41,000,000 worth of milk, while the old man is down town tearing his shirt because the plutocrats won't coin $36,000,000 worth of silver. —Emporia (Kan.) Gazette.

Woman's Value on School Boards.

ELLEN H. E. PRICE, SWARTHMORE.

Everyone will admit woman's interest in education. Even the most conservative will grant that the training of the young is not only her privilege but her duty. Does it not seem strange then that, in many of our states, women have been entirely ignored in the management of our public schools? In the schools, as in the professions, men have had hitherto the advantage of the "squatter;" they are on the ground and possession is nine points of the law.

In the professions, however, we find here and there successful women who have overcome this disadvantage by their individual worth and persistent effort; but in the public schools the matter is more difficult for they are under the control of the state and those who have possession have the weapon to defend themselves in this possession. For instance, the constitution of Pennsylvania makes women eligible to any office of control or management under the school system—yet it denies them the right to vote for the people who hold offices or make the appointments. Experience has shown that so long as women have to look to the men of the state to place them in offices of control or management, they will not get the offices, for in this the twenty-fourth year since our constitution went into effect we find that out of a total of 13,784 school directors only 41 are women.

The office of director is probably the most important in the whole list. The ideal school director should be equipped with a liberal education, a knowledge of up-to-date educational methods, interest in the public schools and a belief in their possibilities, a knowledge of child-nature and the needs of children, the ability to judge character and to deal with men, and sufficient leisure to devote to the various duties of the office; and the more of these qualities and attainments a school board possesses the more nearly it approaches the ideal. The unfortunate fact is, however, apparent that usually the very qualification least needed in the director or the board—adherence to one or the other political party—is the one of paramount importance in the eyes of the electors, and the office is of value or of interest to the elected only as it serves to bring him into the notice of the political boss and marks him as a candidate for further political favor.

Now, few men, even granting them all the other qualifications, know child-nature or have much appreciation of children's needs, and many men have little or no leisure to attend to the duties of the office. Therefore, a board composed entirely of men, even educated men, is not likely to be ideal—in fact, is very sure to be inefficient and incapable of bringing about the best conditions for the schools under its control.

Sullivan Disturbed.

Boston, April 21.—John L. Sullivan is very much disturbed by the brusque manner in which Champion Fitzsimmons disposed of his challenge. The big fellow, who is playing in Louisville, Ky., has written a letter to his backer and manager, Frank V. Dunn, of this city, in which he says:

"My challenge to Fitzsimmons is meant and goes on record. It is no advertising scheme on my part, but is a purely business proposition. The money posted proves faithfulness on my part and is evidence of confidence on my part that I can beat him to a dead certainty.

"I want the public to know that I never laid down or quit in my life, which is more than Fitzsimmons can say. All his talk to the public about his not paying any attention to me does not go. I will make him pay some attention to me, and Julian as well.

"I will fight or box him, and will bet that I make him jump the ring. I mean every word I say, and the public will know that I am no blowhard, the same as the 'freak.' I can beat him at any stage of the game."

Worms in Children

Mother Gray's Sweet Worm Powders, used by Mother Gray, a nurse in Children's Home, New York, cure feverishness and destroy worms. At all druggists 25c. Sample FREE. Address Allen S Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y

The National Grange of the Patrons of Husbandry.

WASHINGTON, D. C., MARCH 15, 1897.

TO THE CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA:

In accordance with instructions of the National Grange of the Patrons of Husbandry, we respectfully call your attention to the position of this National farmers' organization upon matters of legislation directly affecting the agricultural interests of our land, and append the expression of the National Grange upon the subjects named.

1. A Tariff granting to Agriculture equal protection with other industries.
2. Free Rural Mail delivery.
3. Enactment and Enforcement of Pure Food Laws.
4. Enactment and Enforcement of Immigration Laws.
5. Settlement of International Controversies by Arbitration.
6. Additional Powers to the Interstate Commerce Commission.
7. Restoration of the American Merchant Marine and Coastwise Trade.
8. Speedy Construction of the Nicaragua Canal by the United States.
9. Friendly Relations with the Struggling Cuban Patriots.
10. Election of United States Senators by Popular Vote.

Upon the foregoing subjects we submit the following action of the National Grange at the 30th Annual Session held in the City of Washington, November, 1896, as printed in the Journal of Proceedings.

[Here reports of Committees on the different subjects are inserted as reported to the National Grange, and classes by the final action had as set forth below.]

WHEREAS, The monetary question was the principal issue in the national political contest just closed; and,

WHEREAS, The Patrons of Husbandry, as an Order, acknowledge allegiance to no political party, but are solely interested in the cause of goodgoverment: Therefore,

Resolved, That we hope for such a settlement of the question of national finance as shall give to the country a sound and stable currency of sufficient volume to meet all the needs of business and of so constant a character as to be of equal value at all times and in all places.

Resolved, That we would repeat and emphasize the demand heretofore made by this body, that so long as protection is the policy of the national goverment, and so long as manufactures are fostered by a protective tariff, an equal measure of protection shall by just and wise legislation, be extended to agriculture. Recognizing the fact that large numbers from the ignorant and vicious classes of the world are annually coming to our shores, to many of whom all goverment is tyranny and all law is oppression; therefore,

Resolved, That we favor the enactment and rigid enforcement of such immigration laws as shall prevent the landing of these hordes who are dangercus, not only to the industries of our country, but also to the peace and permanence of our republican form of government.

Resolved, That we demand the enactment of laws prohibiting the adulteration of any article of food, and that we favor such legislation as shall secure to the consumer pure and unadulterated food material, whether foreign or domestic, whether it be the direct product of the soil or is furnished by the dairy, the factory or from any other source.

Resolved, That we are in favor of the free delivery of mails in rural districts, a measure of justice to our farming population which has already been too long withheld.

Resolved, That we hail with joy the settlement of our dispute with Great Britain by peaceful [illegible] we favor the settlement of all international controversies by arbitration when it can be done without sacrifice of national honor. Recognizing the necessity under our form of Goverment of political parties which must honestly differ upon questions of national policy, we congratulate the members of our Order that the heated political contest just closed has not involved the Grange or caused acrimonious division among its members.

Resolved, That we renew and reiterate our sympathy with the struggling patriots in the island of Cuba, and hope that the day of deliverance from the tyranny which has so long oppressed them is near at hand.

Resolved, That we favor the election of United States Senators by popular vote.

CONCLUSION

As representatives of the great agricultural interests of the country, an interest now suffering serious depression, which we believe to be within the power of Congress to alleviate, we appeal for just and equitable recognization in the deliberations of your honorable body. The greatly reduced value of farms, serious decline in the number and value of farm animals, and the ruinously low price of farm productions, are matters of momentous concern, and should be given great consideration in the adoption of a policy for the re-establishment of general prosperity. We ask for no special privileges in the matter of legislation beyond such as are naturally due the fundamental industry of a nation upon which all other industries depend.

In the settlement of the tariff policy of a country having such vast agricultural resources as the United States, and in the adjustment of economic questions bearing upon financial, educational and social advancement of the inhabitants, we claim that the interests of agriculture should be second to no other interest. Therefore, with an earnestness commensurate with the magnitude and importance of this industry we very earnestly ask, in behalf of the farmers of America, for such consideration at your hands that we may not only receive the reflected prosperity of the shops and factories so confidently expected, but that the products of our farms, and of the flocks and herds upon them, may be stimulated to such profitable proportions by the enactment of just and equitable laws as to reflect prosperity upon other industries and classes and restore agriculture to its proper relative position among the industrial pursuits of the nation.

We believe this can be accomplished through the enactment and enforcement of such measures as we have called to your attention in this address, and for which we respectfully urge favorable and speedy consideration.

J. H. BRIGHAM,
N. J. BACHELDER,
JOHN TRIMBLE,
Legislative Committee National Grange.

Focht Bridge Bill Passed.

The Focht bridge bill passed finally on a special order, with only one dissenting vote, on Wednesday. The measure authorizes county commissioners to rebuild bridges on sites owned by corporations, over streams or rivers forming the boundary line between two counties, where the same have been destroyed by ice, flood or otherwise at any time, which have been or may be abandoned by the owners and rebuilt on another site, and which were previously used exclusively for vehicle and foot purposes and providing for the cost of their construction.

Ambassador Hay in London

LONDON, April 22.—The United States Ambassador, Col. John Hay, accompanied by the secretary of the United States Embassy, Henry White, called at the Foreign Office this afternoon and saw the permanent officials of that department of the government.

All the afternoon papers cordially welcome Col. John Hay, the new United States Ambassador to the Court of St. James, and remark upon the good taste he displayed in his speech in reply to the welcome yesterday of the Mayor of Southampton upon the Ambassador's arrival at that port.

Deadly Battle Between Convicts.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 23.—As a result of a bloody battle between two convicts in San Quentin prison one is dead and the other dying Each had a knife, and they had been carving each other for fully a minute before the guards could interfere. They had been using the knives in the jute mill. The dead man is W. R. Kelly, who was serving a 14 year sentence from Sacramento. Frank Wheeler, his opponent, has been in almost every prison in this country, and is regarded as one of the most hardened criminals in the penitentiary.

To Make an Examination.

HARRISBURG, April 21.—Governor Hastings to-day signed and returned to the senate the resolution adopted by that body to investigate the charge that certain senators tried to blackmail a New York insurance company by threatening to pass a bill prohibiting infant insurance. The specific allegation was that $50,000 had been demanded from the company to defeat the bill. A committee to conduct the investigation will now be appointed.

Hypnotized and Exhumed.

SIMCOE, ONT., April 23.—The man hypnotized and buried in the ground for three days. has deen disinterred. As the man was being brought back to a normal condition he smashed the box he was in to pieces. It required five men to control him until he was fully restored to consciousness.

For Over Fifty Years.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by all druggists in all parts of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for 'Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

Assembly at State College.

The class of '97, Penna. State College will hold their annual Spring Assembly, in the armory, on Friday evening, April 30th. Music will be furnished by Lettan and Chappel.

—Bishop Vincent, of the Methodist Episcopal church, has accepted an invitation to be present at the Mattern family reunion at Warriors Mark in June.

FOR SALE

—A VALUABLE—

HOUSE and LOT

—ON—

EAST LINN STREET,

—IN THE—

Borough of Bellefonte.

The House Contains

8 ROOMS AND 2 ATTICS,

(one finished.)

Has a complete system of

—ELECTRIC LIGHTING—

AND GAS PIPES

All through the House.

Has also STEAM HEAT in every room except the Kitchen.

Has the best working Sesspool on the street, also a right to enter the sewer.

On the lot there is a foundation for a stable and all other necessary out-buildings.

The Lot is 50 feet front and 200 deep, running back to an Alley.

It is on the best street in the town, in the best neighborhood, and will be sold at a bargain.

The purchaser can leave $2,000 remain on the property if desired.

For further information write or apply to

EDWARD T. TUTEN,
Republican Office.
Bellefonte, Pa.

Val. Property for Sale

The undersigned will sell at private sale the property located on the south-east corner of Willowbank street and Reynolds avenue, in the West ward of Bellefonte borough. There are two lots immediately adjoining each other; the one being fifty feet front, the other forty feet front and extending back from Willowbank one hundred and fifty feet. The lots are No.s 57 and 58 in Reynolds addition in the borough of Bellefonte. On lot No. 58 is a large two story frame dwelling house, stable and other out buildings. The house is heated by the most modern improved method of steam apparatus. It is the same property now occupied by John Q. Miles, Treasurer of Centre county.

Terms of sale such as will suit all purchasers.

CLEMENT DALE,
Attorney for owner.

How to Speculate

On Small Margins and be Successful.

$4 to $20 per month can be made by investing $20 to $100 in our syndicate plan of speculation. Send for our circular mailed free

THOMPSON & CO.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

60 and 62 BROADWAY, New York

22-1y

GET AN EDUCATION

EDUCATION and fortune go hand in hand. Get an education at the Central State Normal School, Lock Haven, Pa. First-class accommodations and low rates. State aid to students. For circulars and illus. cat., address JAMES ELDON, Ph. D., Principal, State Normal School, Lock Haven, Pa.

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS

For all BILIOUS and NERVOUS DISEASES. They purify the BLOOD and give HEALTHY action to the entire system.

Cure DYSPEPSIA, HEADACHE, CONSTIPATION and PIMPLES.

Insurance.

INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Properties in Companies of undoubted strength and security, at standard rates.

INSURE AGAINST LOSS AND DAMAGE BY

FIRE AND LIGHTNING.

9-9-1y

GEORGE L. POTTER.

Furst's Building.) High street, Bellefonte

Professional Cards.

A. DALE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office in Crider's Building, corner Allegheny streets, Bellefonte, Pa. [24-10-tf

D. H. HASTINGS. W. F. REEDER
HASTINGS & REEDER,
Attorneys-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa. Office on Allegheny street, two doors north of office formerly occupied by the late firm of Focum & Hastings. 14-1y-13

JOHN KLINE,
Attorney-at-Law,
Bellefonte, Pa.
Office on second floor of Furst's new building north of Court House. 16-17-tf

CLEMENT DALE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Office in Crider's new building corner of Allegheny and High streets 10 45 tf

HUGH S. TAYLOR
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
No 24 Temple Court. All manner of business attended promptly.

JESSE CLEAVER
SURVEYOR & CIVIL ENGINEER.
Has had many years experience locating lands and roads in Centre and adjoining counties. Reference if desired. Has timber land for sale.
Unionville, Fleming P. O., Centre Co., Pa.
Telephone to A. J. Griest's Store.

The Golden Star Gold Mining Co.,

OF MONTANA.

Owning 3 great and rich gold mines offers a small portion of its shares to the investing public at a very low price. The capitalization is very small. Several thousands of dollars have already been expended and over 600 feet of underground work is done on the property, which is rich in gold, copper and some silver. These shares now obtainable at a very low price are the best investment on the financial market to-day and ought to pay at least 10c per share per month dividends in the near future. For reports and prospectus, sample of the ore, etc., please address

The Golden Star Gold Mining Co
Schiller Theatre Building,
CHICAGO, - - - ILL

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA.
Condensed Time Table.

READ DOWN.					READ UP.		
No. 5	No. 3	No. 1			No. 2	No. 4	No. 6
p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	Lv.	Ar.	a m	p.m.	p.m
†7 45	3 45	†7 20	Bellefonte		10 10	6 10	10 15
7 50	3 57	7 34	High		9 56	5 57	10 02
8 05	4 03	7 41	Zion		9 50	5 51	9 56
8 12	4 08	7 46	Hecla Park		9 45	5 46	9 51
8 15	4 10	7 48	Dunkles		9 43	5 44	9 49
8 19	4 14	7 52	Hublersburg		9 39	5 40	9 45
8 23	4 18	7 56	Snydertown		9 35	5 37	9 41
8 25	4 20	7 58	Nittany		9 33	5 35	9 39
8 27	4 22	8 00	Huston		9 31	5 33	9 37
8 29	4 24	8 02	Lamar		9 29	5 31	9 35
8 31	4 26	8 04	Clintondale		9 26	5 29	9 33
8 36	4 31	8 09	Krider's S'n'g		9 21	5 24	9 28
8 42	4 37	8 16	Mackeyville		9 15	5 18	9 23
8 48	4 43	8 23	Cedar Springs		9 09	5 12	9 17
8 50	4 45	8 25	Salona		9 07	5 11	9 15
8 55	4 50	8 30	Mill Hall		†9 01	† 5 05	†9 10
p.m	p.m.	a.m.	Ar.	Lv.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.
9 30	9 45		Jersey Shore		4 30		8 55
10 05	10 20	Arr	WM'PORT	Lve	4 00		†7 26
†10 20	†11 30	Lve		Arr	2 40		†6 05
5 08	7 10		PHILA		†8 35		†11 30
8 32	10 30		Atlantic City		7 00		5 30
6 45			NEW YORK (Via Tamaqua)		†4 20		
7 25	†9 30		NEW YORK (Via Phila)				†7 30
p. m.	a. m.		Ar.	Lv.	a. m		p. m.

*Daily. † Week Days. $ 5 00 p. m. Sunday. ‡ 10 10 a. m. Sunday.

Philadelphia Sleeping Car attached to East bound train from Williamsport at 11.30 p m and west-bound from Philadelphia at 11 30 p.m.

J. W. GEPHART,
General Superintendent

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD—On and after Monday, December 21st, 1896, trains will run as follows, leaving the P. R. R. station.

WESTWARD.				EASTWARD.		
College Mail.	Exp.	Accm.		Bellf Mail.	Exp.	Accm.
†5	†3	†1		†2	†4	†6
p m	a m	a m	Lv	Ar a m	p m	p m
4 20	10 30	6 20	Bellefonte	8 50	2 10	6 45
4 26	10 37	6 37	Coleville	8 45	2 00	6 25
f4 30	f10 42	f6 40	Morris	f8 42	f1 55	f6 30
f4 33	f10 47	f6 44	Whitmer	f8 40	f1 47	f6 25
f4 38	f10 53	f6 50	Hunters	f8 36	f1 40	6 20
f4 41	f10 56	f6 53	Filmore	f8 33	f1 36	f6 17
f4 45	f11 02	f7 00	Briarly	f8 29	f1 30	f6 12
4 48	11 05	7 05	Waddle	8 25	f1 25	6 08
f4 50	f11 08	f7 08	Lambourn	f8 23	f1 22	f6 05
f5 00	f11 10	f7 17	Krumrine	f8 12	f1 07	f5 51
5 04	f11 33	f7 22	University Inn	f8 07	1 02	f5 47
5 05	11 35	7 23	State College	8 05	1 00	5 45
f5 10	f11 24	7 28	Struble	f7 50	f1 04	f5 30
f5 17		f7 34	Bloomsdorf	f7 45		f5 23
f5 20		7 40	Pine Grv Mills	7 40		5 20

Morning trains from Montandon, Lewisburg Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 7 for State College, Afternoon trains from Montandon, Lewisburg, Tyrone and No. 3 from Lock Haven connect with train No. 11 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penna R R trains at Bellefonte.

f stops on flag. † Daily except Sunday.

F. H. THOMAS, Supt.

W. H. MUSSER,
General Agent
UNION CENTRAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.,
CINCINNATI, OHIO.
Notary Public and Pension Attorney. Office with Clement Dale, Crider's Block, Room No 2, BELLEFONTE, PA. 11 6 1y

FARMERS

you can make money by selling and using HOLDFAST Corn Binders, used on every shock. Pull and it's fast. Ties itself, Costs less than string. Never wears out. Thousands easily sold in a town. Good profits. Get your town agency now. Outfit 5c., stamps. TIE CO., Box 522 Unadilla, N.Y.

HUMPHREYS'

WITCH HAZEL OIL

FOR

Piles or Hemorrhoids.
Fissures & Fistulas.
Burns & Scalds.
Wounds & Bruises.
Cuts & Sores.
Boils & Tumors.
Eczema & Eruptions.
Salt Rheum & Tetters.
Chapped Hands.
Fever Blisters.
Sore Lips & Nostrils.
Corns & Bunions.
Stings & Bites of Insects.

Three Sizes, 25c, 50c. and $1.00.

Sold by druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price

HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., New York.

Who opened that bottle of
HIRES Rootbeer?
The popping of a cork from a bottle of Hires is a signal of good health and pleasure. A sound the old folks like to hear—the children can't resist it.
HIRES Rootbeer
is composed of the very ingredients the system requires. Aiding the digestion, soothing the nerves, purifying the blood. A temperance drink for temperance people.
Made only by The Charles E. Hires Co., Phila.
A package makes 5 gallons.
Sold everywhere.

PATENTS

Caveats and Trade Marks obtained and all Patent business conducted for Moderate Fees.

Send model, drawing or photo. We advise if patentable free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured. A Pamphlet "How to Obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U. S. and foreign countries sent free. Address,

C. A. SNOW & CO.

OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

MADE ME A MAN

AJAX TABLETS POSITIVELY CURE ALL Nervous Diseases—Failing Memory, Impotency, Sleeplessness, etc., caused by Abuse or other Excesses and Indiscretions. They quickly and surely restore Lost Vitality in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or marriage. Prevent Insanity and Consumption if taken in time. Their use shows immediate improvement and effects a CURE where all other fail. Insist upon having the genuine Ajax Tablets. They have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a positive written guarantee to effect a cure in each case or refund the money. Price 50 CTS. per package; or six pkges (full treatment) for $2.50. By mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price. Circular free. AJAX REMEDY CO., 79 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

For sale in Belfefonte, Pa., by C. M. Parrish and F. P. Green

DR. PEFFER'S

FEMALE PILLS.

NEW DISCOVERY. NEVER FAILS. A new, reliable and safe relief for suppressed, excessive, scanty or painful menstruation. Now used by over 30,000 ladies monthly. Invigorates these organs. Beware of imitations. Name paper. $2. per box, or trial box $1. Sent sealed in plain wrapper. Send 4c in stamps for particulars. Sold by Local Druggists. Address PEFFER MEDICAL ASSOCIATION Chicago. Ill.

BREAKFAST—SUPPER.

EPPS'S

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

COCOA

BOILING WATER OR MILK.

SALESMEN WANTED

To sell our high grade inspected Nursery Stock. Many new specialties offered this year for the first time, as well as the standard varieties of fruits and ornamentals. No previous experience necessary. Write for terms, stating age, etc.

Hoopes, Bro. & Thomas, Maple Avenue Nurseries, West Chester, Pa.

Wanted—An Idea Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

"BUILT LIKE A WATCH."

STERLING BICYCLES

BEAR EXAMINATION.

Strong, graceful, easy running and durable.

Sterling Cycle Works, Chicago, Ill.

ASK FOR CATALOGUE.

AGENCY:

THIS SPACE RESERVED FOR NAME

OF GOOD AGENT, WHOSE

SHALL IT BE?

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY.

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Circular free. Address ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 271 Wabash Ave., CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale by F. Potts Green, Bellefonte Pa.

Palms College Business & Shorthand

1708-1710 Chestnut St., Philada., Pa.

Twelfth Year. A good school for both sexes. Thorough individual instruction in

Book-keeping,	Short-hand,
Arithmetic,	Type-writing,
Penmanship,	Correspondence,
Commercial Law,	Practical Grammar,
Banking, Commission,	Stock Companies, etc.

Graduates assisted in obtaining good situations. Correspondence with firms needing book-keepers and clerks solicited. Write for Catalogue.

THEO. W. PALMS, M. A. President.

The Rochester Business University

National School of Business,

sends its Catalogue and Circulars free to those who contemplate pursuing a

Business or Shorthand Course of Study.

Rochester, N. Y.

PARKER'S CINGER TONIC

abates Lung Troubles, Debility, distressing stomach and female ills, and is noted for making cures when all other treatment fails. Every mother and invalid should have it.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

HINDERCORNS The only sure Cure for Corns. Stops all pain. Makes walking easy. 15c. at Druggists.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

Duff's is the Best BUSINESS COLLEGE in America for obtaining a broad-winning education. For circulars, address P. DUFF & SONS, PITTSBURG, PA.

PILES "ANARESIS" gives instant relief and is an infallible Cure for Piles. Price $1. By Druggists or mail. Samples free. Address "ANARESIS," Box 2416, New York City.

PATENTS U.S. and Foreign Procured.

EUGENE W. JOHNSON,

Solicitor and Attorney in Patent Causes.

1729 NeW York Ave., Washington, D. C.

Office established 1868. Charges moderate Correspondence requested. 124-1 y

Wanted—An Idea Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

WANTED—An agent in every section to canvass: $4.00 to $5.00 a day made, sells at sight; also a man to sell staple goods to dealers, best side line $75.00 a month. Salary or large commission made, experience unnecessary.

CLIFTON SOAP & MANUFACTURING CO., Cincinnatti, Ohio.

Bellefonte Republican.

The Best Advertising Medium in Central Pennsylvania.

A forty-eight column paper devoted to the interests of the Republican party. Published at Bellefonte, Pa., at $1.50 per annum.

BY EDWARD T. TUTEN.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3m	6m	1y
One inch (12 lines this type	$ 5	$ 8	12
Two inches	7	10	15
Three inches	10	15	20
Four inches	11	17	25
Quarter column	12	20	30
Half column	20	35	55
One column	35	55	100

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion unless otherwise agreed, by the month, quarter or year.

Editorial notices, in our local columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding 10 lines this type, $8 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months 20 cents per line for the first three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each additional insertion.

Advertisers, and especially Advertising Agents, are respectfully informed that no notice will be taken of orders to insert advertisments at less rates than the above, nor will any notice be given to orders of parties unknown to the publisher, unless accompanied by the cash

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

Terrible Pains

In the Stomach—Dreadful Headaches—Face and Neck Covered With Boils—Cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla—Skin is Now Clear.

"I was covered with boils all over my face and neck. I had dreadful headaches and pains in my stomach. I took medicines, but was not much benefited, and I procured six bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla. After taking the first bottle I could see an improvement. When I had taken a few more bottles the boils had all gone, my skin was clear, my appetite returned, and my health was entirely restored. I am thankful I ever found such a blood purifier as Hood's Sarsaparilla. I paid out a good deal of money for useless medicines before taking Hood's Sarsaparilla." W. F. BECKWITH, Hurlock, Maryland.

If you decide to try Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to buy any other.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the Best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Be sure to get Hood's. Price $1, six for $5.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

May Ladies' Home Journal.

The May *Ladies' Home Journal* uniquely reflects the sentiment and spirit of spring. "In An Old Fashioned Garden" fairly emits the season's fragrant flavor, as do other contributions in prose and verse. Hon. John Russell Young recalls the notable incidents—fetes, receptions and pageants, etc.—of General Grant's memorable tour of the world, and ex-President Harrison gives highly interesting glimpses of the President's home and home life in an article on "The Domestic Side of the White House"—the concluding one of his admirable series. Edward W. Bok editorially presents the really practical side of the crusade against the slaughter of birds for their plumage, and forcibly protests against the pernicious habit of spitting in public places. A riminiscent article by Mrs. Raymond Maude, "My Mother as I Recall Her," gives some delightful glimpses of the personal side of Jenny Lind, especially of her home life. By The Curtis Publishing Company, Philadelphia. One dollar per year; ten cents per copy.

Want a National Encampment.

The officials at the head of the Trans Mississippi and International exposition, which will be held at Omaha, Neb., next year, is sending letters to the National Guard officers, asking their opinion as to the advisability of holding a national encampment of all the National Guards and many of the regular troops some time during the six months that the exposition will be held. Colonel Coryell and Major King at Williamsport have each received copies of the letter. General Miles at the head of the United States army, favors the encampment, but before it can be accomplished congress and the legislatures will have to sanction the scheme and make appropriations to transport the troops to Omaha. The encampment would bring together about 150,000 soldiers, state and national, and would be the largest body of troops assembled together at one time since the close of the war.

—The Greco-Turkish war, the Cuban insurrection, and the sealing question are the principal topics covered by the May *Review of Reviews*, in editorials, special articles, and magazine and books reviews, together with cartoon and other illustration.

The Dietetic and Hygienic Gazette

For July, 1896, says:

"WALTER BAKER & COMPANY, of Dorchester, Mass., have given years of study to the skillful preparation of cocoa and chocolate, and have devised machinery and systems peculiar to their methods of treatment, whereby the purity, palatability, and highest nutrient characteristics are retained. Their preparations are known the world over, and have received the highest indorsements from the medical practitioner, the nurse, and the intelligent housekeeper and caterer."

Consumers should ask for and be sure that they get the genuine goods, made at DORCHESTER, MASS.

WALTER BAKER & CO., Limited.

Burned A. G. A. R. Uniform.

Birmingham, Ala., April 24.—Grand Army circles are greatly stirred up over the burning in effigy at Moulton last night of a prominent veteran. Moulton is the county seat of Lawrence County, the single county in Alabama which is dominated by a Republican population. The contest for postmastership at Moulton has consequeutly been heated Among the applicants was H. J. Remington, a Northernborn Republican and member of the Grand Army, against whom a bitter fight was directed, as his friends assert, because he is "a Yankee."

It was finally agree to settle the matter so far as the candidates themselves were concerned, by a primary election in which only Republicans were to take part in. The election occurred yesterday, and Remington was defeated after an aggressive campaign. Last night in the glorification over the result, he was burned in effigy in the public square. The straw man, supposed to represent Remington, wore what purported to be a Grand Army uniform which fact has aroused widespread indignation among the veterans. The various camps, it is said, will publicly denounce the indignity. The affair was not participated in by Democrats, being confined entirely to Republicans.

The Deed of Fiends.

SHENANDOAH, PA., April 25.—John Hall, aged 24, a prominent and respected young man of this city, was on his way home last night when in a lonely and dark portion of the town, he met three characters, one of which asked him for ten cents. He complied and was about to pass on when he was struck from behind and knocked unconscious. They took his gold watch and other valuables and threw the unconscious body down a twenty foot embankment on the Lehigh Valley railroad tracks. When he regained consciousness some time after he found he was gagged and his body lying across the tracks. His left leg had been cut off by a train. Nine men have been arrested.

A Boon to Catarrh Sufferers.

Eighty in every hundred bear the taint of this dread disease. Small at its beginning but may prove a torture for life if neglected. George Lewis, of Shamokin, Pa says: "I am eighty years old, I have been a sufferer from catarrh for fifty years Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder completely cured me. I look upon it as a miracle." It is delightful and safe to use.

Sold by J. N. & S. Krumrine.

Wounded by a Burglar.

Stamford, Conn., April 23.—Samuel Scoville, jr., formerly a well-known athlete at Yale, and now a lawyer in New York, was wounded early this morning by a burglar, whom he detected at work. Mr. Scoville, who is a grandson of the late Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, lives with his father, Rev. Samuel Scoville. The young man awcke shortly before 4 o'clock, and saw a man with his back turned toward him near a dressing-case. Mr. Scoville reached for a revolver, and snapped it, but it failed to go off, and the burglar, leaning over the foot of the bed, discharged his weapon, and a 32-caliber bullet entered the body of Mr. Scoville under the arm, inflicting a flesh wound. The burglar then escaped.

God prepares us for great things by drilling us well in little ones.

Sister of Poe's Sweetheart.

RICHMOND, VA., April 24.—Mrs. Sara Lloyd Bernard, whose sister, Elizabeth White, was the sweetheart of Edgar Allan Poe, the poet, died to-day at the home of her son-in-law, Robert Hill, Jr., on West Grace street. She was 85 years old, and had been ill for nearly three months. Mrs. Bernard was by birth and marriage closely allied with the literary world. Her father, T. W. White, founded the Southern Literary Messenger, a magazine of wide popularity in ante-bellum days, and her late husband, Peter D. Bernard, was editor of the Southern Planter. Mrs. Bernard and her sister Betty, who died some years ago, were belles in their younger days, and the latter captivated the eccentric Poe. Mrs. Bernard leaves three children. Her son, William H. Bernard, is editor of the Wilmington (N. C.) Star, and her daughters are Mrs. John M. Benson, of Wellford, S. C., and Mrs. Hill, of this city.

Have You any of These?

Palpitation, Fluttering of the Heart, Shortness of Breath, Smothering Spells, Swelling of the Ankles, Nightmare, Spells of Hunger and Exhaustion. These are most pronounced symptoms of Heart Disease. Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart will give relief inside of 30 minutes, and will effect a speedy cure in most stubborn cases. It's vegetable it's liquid, it's harmless, it's wonderful.

Sold by J. N. & S. Krumrine.

Cycling Record Book.

We have received a copy of the "Up-to-Date Cycling Record Book" of the League of American Wheelmen, for 1897, a publication which every cycling editor, race official and rider will appreciate as an absolute necessity. It contains the names of the officers of the L. A. W., how to become a member, and rules for amateurs, professionals and century riders. Half-tone cuts of the leading record holders embellish this book. Price of book, 10 cents. Emil Grossman & Co., Cleveland, O.

Held as Jewelry Robbers.

NEW YORK, April 24.—Frank Poins, alias Ira Francisco, and Andrea Maura, were arrested here to-day for complicity in a jewelry robbery at New Orleans, in December, 1896. John Abbruzzi, in jail in Rochester, N. Y., is also accused of having been concerned in the crime. The victim of the robbery was George E. Gail, a traveling salesman for a house in Nassau street, this city, from whom they are said to have obtained $10,000 worth of diamonds.

The Lye Burned Arm and Eyes.

At Jersey Shore, Thursday afternoon while 8 year old Vera Norton was playing in her uncle's wagon maker shop, she run her hand and arm into a pot of lye, blistering the arm to the elbow in a frightful manner. The little one began screaming and in wiping the tears from her eyes she used the hand that was covered with the burning lye. It is feared that she will lose her eyesight.

To have a bad habit is to have a hard master.

The man whose cause is wrong is sure to be the loser if he gains it.

$3,400.00 CASH AND PRIZES GIVEN FREE EACH MONTH FOR Sunlight SOAP WRAPPERS

As follows:

4 First Prizes, each of $100 Cash	- -	$ 400.00
20 Second " " " $100 PIERCE SPECIAL Bicycles*		2,000.00
40 Third " " " $ 25 Gold Watches	-	1,000.00
Cash and Prizes given each month	- -	$3,400.00
		12
Total given during 12 mos. 1897,		$40,800.00

HOW TO OBTAIN THEM.

Competitors to save as many SUNLIGHT SOAP Wrappers as they can collect. Cut off the top portion of each wrapper, that portion containing the heading "SUNLIGHT SOAP." These (called "Coupons") are to be sent, postage fully paid, enclosed with a sheet of paper stating Competitor's full name and address and the number of Coupons sent in, to Lever Bros., Ltd., New York, marked on outside Wrapper (*top left hand corner*) with NUMBER of the DISTRICT Competitor lives in.

No. of District	NAME OF DISTRICT.
1	New York City, Brooklyn, Long and Staten Islands, New Jersey.
2	New York State (*outside of N. Y. City, Brooklyn, Long and Staten Islands*).
3	Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, West Virginia and District of Columbia.
4	The New England States.

*The Bicycles are the celebrated Pierce Special, 1897 Pattern, m'f'd by Geo. N. Pierce & Co., of Buffalo, Boston and New York. Fitted with Hartford Tires, First Class Nickle Lamps, New Departure Bell, Standard Cyclometer, and Hunt Lace Saddle.

RULES.

1. Every month during 1897 in each of the 4 districts prizes will be awarded as follows:

The 1 Competitor who sends in the Largest Number of coupons from the district in which he or she resides will receive $100 Cash.

The 5 Competitors who send in the Next Largest Numbers of coupons from the district in which they reside will Each receive as winner's option a lady's or gentleman's Pierce Special bicycle, price $100.00.

The 10 Competitors who send in the Next Largest Numbers of coupons from the district in which they reside will Each receive as winner's option a lady's or gentleman's Gold Watch, price $25.

2. The Competitions will Close the Last Day of Each Month during 1897. Coupons received too late for one month's competition will be put into the next.

3. Competitors who obtain wrappers from unsold soap in dealer's stock will be disqualified. Employees of Lever Brothers, Ltd., and their families, are debarred from competing.

4. A printed list of Winners in Competitor's district will be forwarded to Competitors in about 21 days after each competition closes.

5. Lever Brothers, Ltd., will endeavor to award the prizes fairly to the best of their ability and judgment, but it is understood that all who compete agree to accept the award of Lever Brothers, Ltd., as final.

LEVER BROS., Ltd., New York.

For Famine Sufferers.

From Lock Haven Democrat.

A movement is on foot by the people of Nittany valley and Mill Hall, along the line of the Central railroad, to send a car load of corn to the India famine sufferers. Our government transports free of any cost from any point of loading to India any corn that is contributed in no less quantities than car loads. The people of Nittany valley are awake to the movement and have already gotten their committees to work. They are ready to receive corn, wheat or cash at the following depositories: Knecht's, Furst Bros., Sanderson's, Clintondale, Mackeyville and Salona. The committees for these places respectively are: Lewis Dornblazer, William Knecht, Dr. Dumm, William Sanderson, Mrs. J. H. Huston, L. C. Furst and Samuel Hurd. The contributions when other than corn, will be received by the committee and its equivalent will be placed in corn. The churches are all aiding in the movement and gave notice Sunday from the pulpit of the worthy effort. What is done must be done quickly. It is the endeavor to have the corn go by the first week of May.

This is a philanthropic movement, and it is hoped that the contributions will not be confined to the people of Mill Hall and Nittany valley. Let all the people of the county aid in this matter. A little from each resident and farmer will aggregate many bushels. One car load from plentiful crops will not be missed by our people, while it may be the means of saving many lives from starvation in the famine stricken territory of India. The cheerful and liberal giver can do much in these days.

THE FOUR SEASONS.

As Viewed by the Doctor, Rather Than the Artist.

We often see in the magazines reproductions of famous paintings representing the Four Seasons. They are generally personated by beautiful women, and the typical spring is generally a young girl. She is bouyant and elastic, her eyes are full of fire, her form lissom and graceful. Her cheeks flush with health and there breathes from the canvas the impression of radiant health.

It is true, we sometimes see our young women in such a state of health in the spring-time; but it is the exception. Depression and languor are generally in evidence and the drooping, listless figure of the school girl, the dragging step of the housewife, are seen in nearly every home. Perfect health is rare in any season, but this is especially in the spring. The great majority of the people need a tonic in the spring. There are a great many tonics and they are all taken by the people to a greater or less extent. But the one that seems most popular at this time of the year is Pe-ru-na. It strengthens the weary body, invigorates the nerves and clears the mind. It leaves no bad effect upon the system when it is discontinued. The fact of the efficacy of Pe-ru-na as a spring tonic is becoming more widely known every spring. More Pe-ru-na is being taken this spring than ever before. The people have learned that it is unfailing, and so do not experiment, but immediately buy Pe-ru-na when the old listlessness of "spring fever" overtakes them.

Any one who desires Dr. Hartman's latest book on this and kindred subjects may obtain one free by addressing The Pe-ru-na Drug Manufacturing Company, Columbus, Ohio.

Fire at Sea.

SOUTH NORWALK, Conn., April 27.—Last night residents along the water front discovered what appeared to be a fire at sea, and from indications it would seem that some sort of a vessel was being destroyed. In the sound some distance to the eastward from Norwalk a burning vessel was seen and the fire lasted several hours. So far nothing has been learned of the nature of the fire, but there is much speculation in connection with the affair.

If the system is fortified by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which makes rich, red blood, there is little danger of sickness.

Stray Items.

No Maude, windmills are not used to produce a cyclone.

Those pink blossoms you now see will be peaches by and by.

The new woman wont dig garden. It takes the old woman to do that.

A little tack can now produce as many cuss words on a bicycle path as it used to on a chair.

There is a possibility that the chappies will wear crimped collars next. The stand-up collar has reached its height.

The man who succeeds in getting up a recepticle to corral the wind on stormy days, will make a fortune filling up pneumatic tires.

Won a Point.

PITTSBURG, April 26.—The window glass blowers and gatherers have won an important point in the matter of equalizing wages. At a meeting of the executive board of the Window Glass Workers' association here a resolution was adopted granting an advance of 15 per cent. to the single strength blowers and gatherers and 8 and 10 per cent. to those working bouble strength glass, according to the size.

This advance is to be before the flatteners and cutters receive any advance. After that any increase in the wages is to be general.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From Our Regular Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, April 26, 1897.

Washington isn't dedicating the Grant Monument, but it is sending over to New York some of the most prominent persons who will take part in or view the dedicatory ceremonies.

President McKinley and his cabinet, the Diplomatic Corps, the Supreme Court, Mrs. Grant and members of the Grant family, and a delegation of prominent Army and Navy officers and their families went over on one special train to-day. The Senate and House committees, which go as the official representatives of the legislative branch of the government went on regular trains and to suit individual convenience, but the members will meet and remain together during the ceremonies. Many other Senators and Representatives have also gone, as it was agreed beforehand that no business whatever should be transacted at the meetings of the House and Senate to day, and those to be held on Thursday, they being held merely to comply with the constitutional requirement as to the length of time that either branch of Congress may adjourn without the adoption of a concurrent resolution.

It is expected that President McKinley will shortly modify the civil service rules. He has had an extended conference with the Civil Service Commission. Secretary Wilson stated before the Senate subcommittee, which is investigating the workings of the civil service law and rules, that the present rules hampered him in selecting efficient scientific subordinates, and in a written communication Secretary Gage expressed the opinion that a modification of the rules would be beneficial to his department.

Representative Dorr, of West Virginia, has introduced a bill for the outright repeal of the civil service laws, and he declares his intention to do everything he possibly can to get the bill acted upon.

Nothing could better illustrate President McKinley's idea of the relations that should exist between the Federal administration and the public than the official announcement of the selection of Judge Wm. R. Day, of Canton, Ohio, to be First Assistant Secretary of State, and ex-Representative Bellamy Storer, of Ohio, to be United States Minister to Belgium, three days before their nominations were sent to the Senate. President McKinley believes that as soon as anything has been determined upon the people have a right to be informed of it, and acts accordingly.

Secretary Wilson is much pleased with the reception of his effort to increase the culture of sugar beets in those sections of the country where the climate and soil seem to indicate success with this crop. So great has been the demand for the seed that the large supply contracted for by Secretary Wilson, when he first took charge of the Agricultural department, has been almost exhausted.

The death of Representative Milliken recalls the fact that no member of the Maine Congressional delegation died in office before Mr. Milliken since 1838, when Representative Jonathan P. Cilley, of Maine, was shot dead by Representative Graves, of Kentucky, with whom he had a duel.

Senator Allison, who is a member of the sub-committee engaged in going over the Dingley bill before it is reported to the full Finance committee—by the way, this sub-committee is not taking any holiday either night or day this week—gave a caller a good idea of the manner in which the work of revision is being done, when he said: "Here is a letter from a manufacturer of blacking. How many ingredients do you suppose there are that enter into its manufacture? Well, more than a dozen. Some of these ingredients have been transferred from the free to the dutiable list. Some have had the rates increased and some decreased. Each article has a direct bearing on this man's business. He writes us that blacking is sold in packages of a certain size, which cannot well be varied; also, that most of the blacking is imported from France, and that the industry in this country is in its infancy, but is making fair progress. If we retain the House rates on certain ingredients he mentions, he asks that we also make a small increase on blacking and suggests that it will be easier to do this than to change the rates on the dozen articles which enter into his product. His request does not seem unreasonable, does it, if the facts are as he states? Well, we have looked into the rates on every one of the ingredients mentioned, their bearing on his product, and find his statement correct. That is the way we are doing our work on the tariff bill, and I think it is better than to do this man an injustice and possibly give his business to the French manufacturer." The sub committee expects to complete its work on the bill this week, and it is hoped that the bill can be reported to the Senate next week.

Who Can Measure

The influence of the mother! It shapes the course of unborn generations—goes sounding through all coming ages and enters the confines of Eternity.

With what care, therefore, should the Expectant Mother be guarded, and how great the effort be to ward off danger and make her life happy.

"Mother's Friend"

Allays Nervousness, relieves the Headache, ...Cramps and Nausea, and so prepares the system that **Child-Birth** is made easy and the time of recovery shortened—many say "stronger after than before confinement." It insures safety to life of both mother and child. All who have used **"Mother's Friend"** say they will never be without it again. No other remedy robs confinement of its pain.

"A customer whose wife used 'Mother's Friend,' says that if she had to go through the ordeal again, and there were but four bottles to be obtained, and the cost was $100.00 per bottle, he would have them." GEO. LAYTON, Dayton, Ohio.

Sent by Mail, on receipt of price, $1.00 PER BOTTLE. Book, TO "EXPECTANT MOTHERS" mailed free containing valuable information and voluntary testimonials.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Productions of the United States.

According to statistics prepared for the U. S. Dept. of Agriculture, by Mr. H. A. Robinson, statiscitian, the following is given as the productions of corn, wheat, oats, rye, barley, hay, buckwheat, tobacco and potatoes, for the year 1895 together with acreage, gross value of each, and average value of each, per bushel or pound.

Corn, bushel 2,151,138,586; area, 82,075,830; value, $544,985,554; average value, 25.3. Wheat, bushel 467,102,947; area, 34,047,332; value, $237,938,998; average value, 50.9. Oats, bushel 824,443,537; area, 27,878,406; value, $163,655,068; average value, 19.9 Rye, bushel 27,210,070; area, 1,890,345; value, $11,964,826; average value 44.0. Barley bushel 87,072, 744; area, 3,299,973; value, $29,312,413; average value, 33.7. Buckwheat, bushel, 15,341,399; area 763,277; value, $6,936,325; average value 45.2. Potatoes bushel, 297,237,370; area, 2,954,952; value $78,984,901; average value 26.6. Hay tons, 47,078,541; area 44,206,453; value $393,185,615; average value 98.35. Tobacco, lbs., 491,544,000; area, 633,950; value $78,984,901; average value, 26.64. The U. S. also produced 84.50 per cent of the cotton crop of the world for 1895 Who will say that the farmers of the United States are not a great class, and their financial, social and political rights of no importance.

Still Another Victim.

BALTIMORE, Md., April 25.—A blow struck by a friend in a spirit of fun has caused the death of Timothy Harrington, a prominent tobacconist of this city. Harrington and a youth were playing in the former's store on April 10. His companion's hand struck Harrington over the heart. He fell to the floor gasping for breath. The blow seriously affected his heart. Other complications set in, and he died last night.

THE MAIN MUSCULAR SUPPORTS OF THE BODY WEAKEN AND LET GO UNDER

BACKACHE

OR LUMBAGO. TO RESTORE, STRENGTHEN, AND STRAIGHTEN UP, USE

ST. JACOBS OIL

A BRANT HOUSE ECHO.

The Proprietor of the Well Known Hostelry Ventures an Opinion.

Mr. H. C. Yeager is the popular host of the Brant house at the corner of Allegheny and Bishop Streets. Complaining of his back one day to Mr. M. Cunningham, he of local and foreign pavement fame, "Mine Host" was advised to try the old Quaker remedy. He took the contractors advice and procured the first box of Doan's Kidney Pills at Green's Pharmacy. This is what he has to say about it. "My kidneys have been faulty for years. I have read a great deal about how the organs work, what is good for them and what is bad for them. Experience is a great teacher and I have had my share. A friend advised me to try Doan's Kidney Pills. I got a box. It helped me so much that I got a second and I am still using them. It is rather a difficult job to cure a man whose blood is saturated with uric acid, who has rheumatism and urinary disorder due to weak kidneys and bladder and who has become a chronic victim. Still in spite of it all, Doan's Kidney Pills have helped me. I am much better in every way and it is quite possible if I persist in the treatment as I intend doing I may be eventually cured. If I continue to progress as I have in the past that will be the ultimate end. I can recommend Doan's Kidney Pills for kidney trouble."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Sent by mail on receipt of price by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Helpless Old Man Desires Death.

NEW YORK, April 25.— Prof. J. D. Dennison, aged seventy-three years, attempted to commit suicide on Saturday at his home in Haledon, N. J. He had grown helpless and sought to relieve his wife of the burden of his support.

For eighteen years Prof Dennison was principal of the Haledon school, holding the position until four years ago, when it was decided to place a younger man in charge of the institution. Prof. Dennison never recovered from the blow of his dismissal.

He has been ill lately, and on Saturday he sent his wife out of the house, ostensibly to get medicine for him. When she returned she found him lying on the floor half conscious, his head resting on a hassock that was covered with blood. He had severed an artery in his wrist with a razor, and then cut his throat. He cannot recover.

Legal Holiday in New York.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 23.—Gov. Black's has issued a proclamation making Grant's Birthday, April 27, a legal holiday in New York, Kings, West Chester, and Queens counties.

NEW YORK, April 23.—Gov. Black proclamation making April 27 a legal holiday in this and adjacent counties of the State will cause the most absolute cessation of business in Wall street, and the financial district on that day. The exchanges and kindred institutions have already voted to close on Grant Day, and the banks, clearing house, and Federal offices will do the same, so far as practicable. It is probable. however, that the banks and goverment offices will have to keep a small staff of employes at work.

The Spanish cruiser Infanta Maria Teresa passed in at Sandy Hook at 7:55 a. m. She is here to take part in the naval parade at the Grant Monument ceremonies.

Pill-Age.

Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills, 10 cents a vial are planned after the most modern in medical science. They are as great an improvement over the 50 years old strong dose pill formulas as a bicycle is over an ox cart in travel. They never gripe and they never fail—40 doses, 10 cents.

Sold by J. N. & S. Krumrine.

In the "Progress of the World" department of the April Review of Reviews, the editor comments on the change of administration at Washington, on the tariff bill and other measures before the extra session of Congress, and on President McKinley's diplomatic appointments; the Greco-Cretan situtuion is carefully reviewed, and other recent developments in foreign political are treated with the thoroughness and impartiality to which the Review's readers have grown accustomed.

Accident Near Jersey Shore.

A few evening ago, while Mrs Charles B. Riddell and son, of Larry's Creek, were driving under the overhead bridge near that place, a train passing over the structure frightened their horse. The animal gave a leap, which threw the occupants out of the buggy. Both were badly bruised, but no bones were broken. The horse was captured shortly after.

A Juicy Family.

Punxsutawney Spirit: There is a family living in Sugar Creek township, Venango county, by the name of Juice. The eldest daughter is named Olive Juice and a son is called Lemon Juice. Recently a baby arrived and he is to be christened Tobacco Juice. If this family were to move to Clayville, they would likely name their next born Juicy Juice.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Every true Christian is a magnet drawing somebody toward Christ.

CORRESPONDENCE

Howard Items.

Mr. George Long, Sr., is at present very sick at his home.

Mr. Harrison Long, we are glad to state, is some better.

Mr. W. H. Thomas is confined to his home by illness.

Miss Mahala Brickley, the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. O. W. Brickley, is suffering with a severe attack of brain fever.

Mr. Emanuel Pletcher, of Howard township, is very low from the effects of a stroke that he suffered a short time ago.

The body of Mrs. Trinkle, of Kane, Pa., was brought to this place Friday of last week and taken to Jacksonville for burial. She was formerly Miss Virgie Leathers, the daughter of Mr. Ira C. Leathers, of Walker, Pa.

Mr. John David Hall and wife, of Bellefonte, visited friends in our town Sunday last.

The Y. P. S. C. E. of the Christian church will hold their regular Dime social, Friday evening of this week, in the Lucas Hall. All are invited.

Mr. Charles Cooke, of Mifflinburg, who has the name of being one of the best shoe agents in the state, arrived here Saturday evening and is again taking orders from our merchants.

Dr. W. H. Kochler, one of Bellefonte's popular dentists, transacted business in our town Monday of this week.

One day last week the roof of Mr. Michael Confer's house, in Howard township, about one mile from town, took fire from the flue and part of the roof was burned. The house was saved by the bucket brigade.

While jumping on a freight train last Saturday, a Mr. Meyers, of Milesburg, had his shoulder dislocated. He was taken to the office of Dr. L. R. Hensyl where he received medical attendance.

Thursday evening, 29th inst., the R. L. C. E. of the United Evangelical church will hold their regular Dime social at the residence of Mr. Wm. Weber on Main street. Ice cream, cake, etc., will be served. A cordial invitation is extended to all to attend.

Mrs. Bouse and her daughter, Mrs. Green, of Clintondale, visited over Sunday at the home of Mr. John Pletcher.

Mrs. Reuben Pletcher returned home Saturday from English Centre, Lycoming county, where she had been spending the winter with her daughter, Mrs. Charles Hopkins.

Mrs. Rossman and her son, Haney, of Nittany, spent Sunday with her son, Mr. Wm. Rossman, at this place.

Our town will be well supplied with ice cream parlors this summer. There will only be five that will sell cream every Saturday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Baney spent Sunday at Clintondale, and brought with them Miss Rosa Stilley, who will visit them this week. Miss Rosa is a bright young lady and was welcomed to our town by her many friends.

Mrs. James Lucas will open an ice cream parlor on Saturday of this week, at her residence on Cleveland avenue. If you want a good dish of cream just drop in and give it a trial. It is the celebrated Bellefonte cream made by B. C. Achenbach.

Mr. M. S. Wilkinson, baggage-master on the B. E. V. train, stopped in our town Saturday to see some of his old friends. He was the guest of Mr. John McElvain.

Mr. Thompson Allison transacted business at Bellefonte Monday.

Our special Normal Summer school opened Monday with a very good attendance.

Mr. Wm. Packer, of Beech Creek, a brother of Mr. Ira Packer, of this place, died on Sunday morning. The funeral occurred Tuesday; interment in the Packer cemetery, on the farm of John A. Woodward.

Mr. N. P. Riddle, one of our oldest and best citizens and who had been Justice of the Peace for a number of years, died Tuesday, aged about 65 years. The funeral will occur Thursday, 29th, at 1:30 p. m.

Sunday morning about 7:30 the cry of fire was heard on our streets, and in a short time the alarm was sounded by the Hose house bell. In less than five minutes our fire company was on duty, throwing two streams of water on the fire, which was discovered coming from the roof of the residence of Mr. W. F. Hall, on Walnut street. It was but a short time until the boys had the fire under control. They managed to save the greater part of the building. The citizens all lent a helping hand and saved almost all the household goods.

Our Fire company certainly deserves great credit for the work done on this occasion. The writer heard the remark passed by several of our people while the fire was in progress that our Fire company was a nuisance, as also was the water system of the town. We hope we may never hear any more remarks of that kind. If we had not had both the water works and the Fire company there would now be three families, beside the writer's, and the store of Mr. Jackson Kline, drug store and harness shop without roosting places. Our citizens consider that on this one occasion the Fire company saved our people $10,000 or more; as it is the loss is but $500. Let our citizens join together and get our boys a good outfit, as we know not at what moment it may be needed.

The origin of the fire noted above is unknown.

Brush Valley News.

A DEATHLY RUNAWAY.

Mr. Ed. Weaver, near Wolf's Store, was nearly killed last Thursday by his horses running away. According to his own story to Dr. C. S. Musser, who is attending him and from whom your correspondent received his information, Mr. Weaver, when starting from his barn with the grain drill, jumped on one of the horses, which were hitched to the drill, intending to ride down to the field; but for some reason, which is not definitely known to Mr. Weaver, the horses began to run, becoming unmanageable. Mr. Weaver tried to jump off the horse, but his foot become fastened to a line attached to the hames and he was dragged quite a distance over a very stony road on his back. The horses ran over a fence and broke the drill, and Mr. Weaver was found at the fence unconscious and bleeding. Most of his clothing was torn off, his back badly bruised, his face considerably but not deeply cut, and his elbows in an exceedingly bad condition as large pieces of flesh are torn out, about two by three inches; the joints, however, are not broken, but whether his arms can be healed so as to be of partial use to him is still a question, as when medical aid had been secured all was badly swollen and the full extent of the injury to the joints could not be definitely ascertained by the doctor. Mr. W. might possibly lose both his arms.

"My husband had two cancers taken from his face, and another was coming on his lip. He took two bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters and it disappeared. He is completely well." Mrs Wm. Kirby, Akron, Erie Co., N. Y.

Liver Ills

Like biliousness, dyspepsia, headache, constipation, sour stomach, indigestion are promptly cured by Hood's Pills. They do their work

Hood's Pills

easily and thoroughly. Best after dinner pills. 25 cents. All druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pill to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Baby Weighed 6 Pounds.

When the food given the baby is not digested, it ferments and causes acidity of the stomach. Babies suffering so should be given Dr. John W. Bull's Baby Syrup, which will correct this trouble and, by its alterative effect, promote a wholesome digestion and aid the baby to develop and gain strength. "Mrs. T. Lafay, 235 10th Ave., Council Bluffs, Ia., had a puny baby which only weighed 6 lbs. when three weeks old. She gave him Dr. John W. Bull's Baby Syrup, and in a few weeks the baby weighed 12 lbs. She is very enthusiastic over this remedy. Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup is for sale everywhere for 25 cents. Accept nothing else instead, but see that you get the genuine Dr. John W. Bull's Baby Syrup.

For sale by C. M. Parrish, Bellefont Pa. 6

GRANT'S MOST FAMOUS DISPATCH.

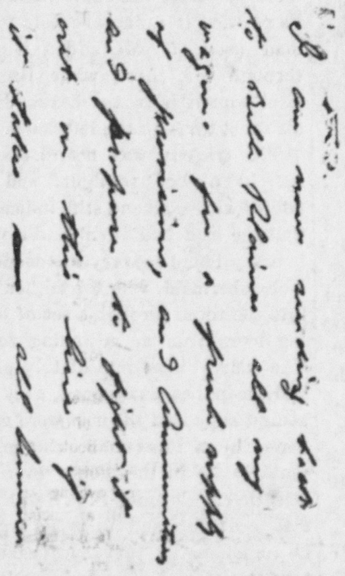
"I Propose to Fight It Out On This Line If It Takes All Summer."

In the January number of The Century General Horace Porter gives the origin of the famous message from General Grant which electrified the country—"I propose to fight it out on this line if it takes all summer." As General Porter's article shows, it was a passage from a letter, and not a laconic message as was supposed when the extract first appeared in the newspapers.

General Grant and his army had been "lost in the Wilderness" for three days. Rumors had reached Washington of terrific fighting and fearful loss of life; the people of the whole nation were almost breathless with anxiety and fear of a terrible defeat, with consequences more disastrous than ever before.

GENERAL GRANT 1865.

Then came a letter from Grant to Halleck. It was written after weeks of hard fighting, and when it was known to General Grant that his army had sustained the loss of twenty thousand men. We give herewith in facsimile the sentence containing the famous paragraph:



Halleck at once took the letter to President Lincoln, to whom it was a great relief. He joyfully exclaimed, as he read the terse sentence aloud, "We will give that to the country!" and the next morning the people learned that Grant and the army were safe. Remembering that other laconic message at Fort Donelson, "I propose to move immediately on your works," the country applauded, and fully believed that we had a soldier and a fighter at the head of the Army of the Potomac.

SHERMAN'S OPINION OF GRANT.

A Letter Written Fifteen Years After the War by Old Tecumseh.

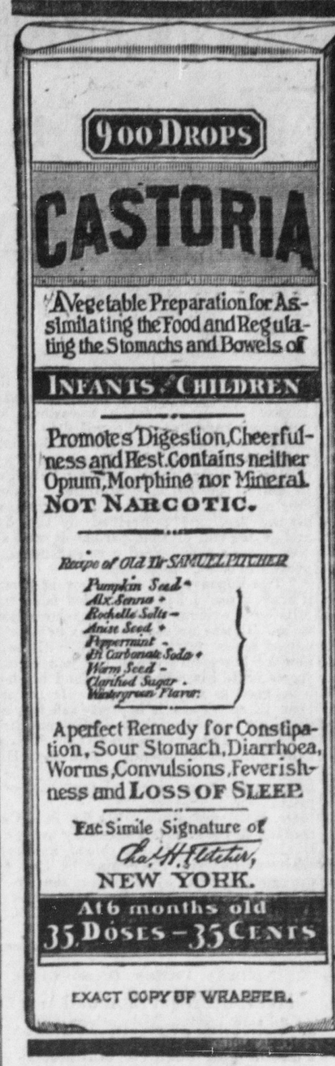
The letter which follows was printed from the original by the Century Magazine. It is significant as representing, fourteen years after the war, General Sherman's frank and deliberate judgment of General Grant's characteristics.

"I don't believe Grant's head has been turned or confused one iota by

IN THE FIELD.

From a War time photograph taken at Knoll's Hill and reproduced from McClure's Magazine.

the extraordinary displays in his honor at San Francisco or elsewhere. He is a strange character. Nothing like it is portrayed by Plutarch or the many who have striven to portray the great men of ancient or modern times. I knew him as a cadet at West Point, as a lieutenant of the Fourth Infantry, as a citizen of St. Louis, and as a growing general all through a bloody civil war. Yet to me he is a mystery, and I believe he is a mystery to himself. I am just back from Chicago, where he had a reception equal in numbers and display to that of San Francisco. I was president of the Society of the Army of the Tennessee, the first he commanded, with which he achieved the great victories of Forts Henry and Donelson, of Shiloh, and of Vicksburg. As such I presided at two great assemblages of people, at the theater and at the banquet hall. In both cases I sat by him, and directed all the proceedings. He was as simple, as awkward, as when he was a cadet; but all he did and all he said had good sense and modesty as the basis. No man in America has held higher office or been more instrumental in guiding great events, and without elaborating, I'll give you what I construe to be the philosophy of his life: a simple faith that our country must go on, and by keeping up with the events of the day he will be always right—for 'whatever is is right.'


900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor.
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher,
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES - 35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

SEE THAT THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE —OF— Chas. H. Fletcher IS ON THE WRAPPER OF EVERY BOTTLE OF **CASTORIA**

Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

United States Civil Service Examination.

The United States Civil Service Commission has ordered that an examination be held by its local board in this city on Saturday, June 5, 1897, commencing at 9 o'clock a. m., for the grade of clerks and carriers in the Postal service. Only citizens of the United States can be examined. The age limitations for this examination are as follows:

Clerks, 18 years or over; carriers, over 21 and under 40 years. No application will be accepted for this examination unless filed with the undersigned, on the proper blank, before the hour of closing business on Monday, May 22, 1897. Applications should be filed promptly in order that time may remain for correction if necessary.

The Commission takes this opportunity of stating that the examinations are open to all reputable citizens of the United States who may desire to enter the service, without regard to race or to their political or religious affiliations. All such citizens are invited to apply.

They shall be examined, graded, and certified with entire impartiality, and wholly without regard to any consideration save their efficiency, as shown by the grades they obtain in the examination.

For application blanks, full instructions, and information relative to the duties and salaries of the different positions, apply to,

THOMAS HOWLEY,
Sec. Board Ex'rs, Postal Serv.,
Bellefonte.

Kentucky Senatorship.

FRANKFORT, KY., April 26.—Only a formal ballot, with one vote for each candidate, was taken in the Senatorial race to-day. The agreement was reached because of numerous pairs that do not expire till Wednesday, on which day Deboe says he will surely be elected.

The Republicans still claim that they are sure to elect a Senator Wednesday; that even if Lieberth and one other hold off, they have assurances that Stout is coming back to the Republican nominee, and a quorum would be present, even with two Republicans away and D boe not voting. But that they are frightened and that everything is still chaotic is plain. All sorts of schemes and pie-promises are being made to hold in line those lately devoted to Hunter.

A consultation was held by the attorneys of Dr. Hunter, Mr. J. H. Wilson and others, again this afternoon, and they decided to go before the Circuit Court when it reconvenes to-morrow, and move to quash the pending indictments against their client.

Off for St. Petersburg.

VIENNA, April 25.—Emperor Francis Joseph, with Archduke Otto and Count Goluchowski, the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister, has started for St. Petersburg.

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup seems sent as a special providence to the little folks. Pleasant to take, perfectly harmless, and absolutely sure to give instant relief in all case of cold or lung trouble.

COURT PROCLAMATION—Whereas the Honorable J. G Love, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the 49th Judicial District, consisting of the county of Centre, and the Honorable Corlis Faulkner, Associate Judge in and for Centre county, having issued their precept, bearing date of 1st day of January, 1897, to me directed for holding a Court of Common Pleas and Orphans' Court, Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Quarter Sessions of the Peace in Bellefonte, for the County of Centre and to commence on the 4th Monday of April, being the 26th day of April, 1897, and to continue two weeks. Notice is hereby given to the coroner, justice of the peace, aldermen and constables of said County of Centre, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of the 26th, with their records, inquisitions, examinations, and their own remembrances to do those things which to their office appertains to be done, and those who are bound in recognizances to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of Centre county be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Notice is also hereby given and by virtue the precept of the Judges aforesaid, issued as aforesaid, there will be held a regular court of Common Pleas, for the trial of civil cases, beginning on Monday, April 26th, 1897 at 10 o'clock, upon which all persons summoned as jurors are required to attend.

Given under my hand, at Bellefonte, the 25th day of March, in the year of our Lord 1897, and the one hundred and twenty-first year of the independence of the United States. W. M. CRONISTER, Sheriff.

Bicyclists After a Spin

Will want something reliable to remove sun burn and roughness of skin. If you will try our "almond cream" or "CYDONINE" you will get satisfaction. They soothe, heal and soften the skin. Price 25 and 15 cents. For bruises and stiffness of the limbs, "Green's Electric Liniment" has no superior Price 25 cents.

TRY THEM

Green's . . . Pharmacy,

BUSH HOUSE BLOCK,
BELLEFONTE, . . . PA

Disordered Liver

AND INFLAMMATORY RHEUMATISM IN A YOUNG BOY.

Mr. and Mrs. Howse Despaired of Their Boy's Life—He was Compelled to Give up His Studies.

From the Leader, Cleveland, Ohio.

Few boys withstand an illness of so serious a nature as that with which Fred L. Howse was a year ago afflicted. Fred is now fifteen years of age, and attends the public schools. His home is No. 30 Plymouth Place, Cleveland, Ohio, and he is now a picture of puerile health and vigor. In the fall of 1895, however, his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Howse, the former, a well-known business man, whose office is in the Arcade, had almost despaired of saving his life. The lad became afflicted with inflammatory rheumatism which affected his entire body, and accompanying that painful ailment were several other very serious disorders. When she was requested to describe her son's sickness and his recovery, Mrs. Howse said:

"It was in September, 1895, that Fred who was up to that time in delicate health, was attacked by inflammatory rheumatism, It was a very acute case for he was confined to his bed, and was unable to move even his arms or legs without bringing on excruciating pain.

"Aside from the rheumatism Fred's liver was in serious disorder, and he used to vomit frequently. He was also subject to fainting spells, and altogether he had a very serious sickness.

"We knew, of course, that though the rheumatism was exceedingly painful, it was not necessarily dangerous; the fainting spells and vomiting however alarmed us. Often when Fred fainted he would lay like one dead. His face would become ashen pale and it was difficult at such times to detect his heart beats. These spells caused Mr. Howse and myself much uneasiness about our boy's condition. We called in a doctor and he prescribed for Fred, but the lad did not seem to improve, so I purchased a box of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People in one of the down town stores. Then for four months steadily Fred took them instead of the medicine prescribed by the doctor and at the end of that period—it was about New Year's then—Fred was sufficiently improved to be able to go out.

"The improvement was slow at first, but it was sure. I had unbounded faith in the pills as is evidenced by our continued use of them. It was necessary for us to take Fred out of school on account of his illness, but now he has returned and can join in all the sports with his schoolmates, and his health is as good as we could wish. He has never been ill since, and it is pretty safe to predict that he will not be sick again for some time.

"Yes, I have recommended Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to my friends," said Mrs. Howse in reply to a question, "and many of them have used them since. I first read of the pills in the newspapers."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People contain all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They may be had of all druggists or direct by mail from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y., at 50c. per box, or six boxes for $2.50.

Kelley Taken to Dover.

MONTREAL, April 22. —Joseph E. Kelley, the self-confessed murderer of Cashier Stickney, of Somersworth, N. H., was taken to Dover, N. H., to-night. He consented to return, waiving extradition proceedings. Kelley smoked a cigar in the train apparently quite unconcerned. To-day Kelley confessed that he wore a disguise when he went to rob the bank. He had on a mustache and a goatee, and this so effectually disguised him that stickney did not know him. These he said would be found in his room. Stickney shouted when he drew a revolver upon him, but Kelley was afraid to use it and so hit the old man with a jimmy.

Boston, Mass., April 21.—Word was received to-day from Inspector Williams, of the Boston post-office, that the package of postage stamps which Joseph Kelley obtained from Cashier Stickney, of the Great Falls National Bank at Somersworth, N. H., before he killed the aged man have been recovered near North Stratford, N. H. The stamps were in an unsealed envelope, addressed to a Montreal man, and were dropped from the train upon which Kelley was fleeing from Somersworth.

Aunt Rachael's Horehound and Elecampane.

Combined with Speer's Grape Juice and Rock Candy for Public Speakers and Singers is being prescribed by many prominent physicians, which is a guarantee of its purity and its efficiency in curing pulmonary complaints. It is used in preference to Cod Liver Oil, and in many cases the curative results are quicker and more permanent. For sale by druggists, Price 25 cents and 75 cents.

Family wines that rival the world in excellence are from Speer's Passaic, N. J., Vineyards. The Claret, vintage 1881, the Burgund and Port are very old superior wines. The Port is especially for invalids. The Climax Brandy is very superior.

One of the Successful Four.

Druggist J. D. Murray, of Centre Hall, was notified last week that he was one of the four successful ones to win a cash prize from the Pabst Brewing Co., Milwaukee, Wis., in a competition inaugurated by that firm. The firm notified all the druggists in the United States that they would award $400 prizes for the best articles submitted to them on how to abolish cut rates in the sale of patent medicines and proprietary articles. The articles will be published in all the leading drug trade journals, and the portrait of Mr. Murray will accompany his article.

Trouble Over Christian Endeavor Rates.

Chicago, April 22.—Considerable bad feeling has developed among the Western roads over Christian Endeavor Association business. The understanding was that no road should contract any of this business until a definite arrangement had been arrived at concerning rates and methods of routing. Now it is reported that some of the roads have gone in and contracted large parties in the East. It is not alleged that the agreement rates has been cut.

Nittany Valley Game Club.

A meeting of those interested in the formation of the Nittany Valley Rod and Gun club will be held at the Park hotel, Williamsport, next Thursday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. Officers will be elected.

Nittany Valley Game Club.

Messrs. Brockerhoff and Warfield, of Bellefonte, were in Williamsport Tuesday on business connected with the Nittany Valley Rod and Gun club. The club will organize at the Park hotel, Williamsport, Thursday, 22d inst., at 2:30 p. m. when officers will be elected and an organization effected.

The purposes of the club are set forth as follows:

The severity of our winters and the depredations of game murderers (by courtesy sometimes called "pot hunters") render efforts toward the propagation of quail and trout practically futile. Our fields and streams are yearly robbed of game and fish to the extent that native sportsmen must seek both in other states at a considerable expenditure of money and loss of time

In view of these facts we, the undersigned, agree to become members of an association to be known as the Nittany Rod and Gun club. The object of this association to be,

FIRST. Secure a quail preserve in Nittany valley embracing an area of about 30 square miles, the same to be stocked each year with 1,000 western quail, thus providing from 5,000 to 8,000 birds for the fall shooting.

SECOND. Secure by lease or purchase seven miles of Little Fishing creek, from Hecla Gap west, to be stocked each year with about 50,000 trout.

THIRD. Provide a suitable club house at or near Hecla Gap, situated near the game preserve. The club house to be furnished with proper culinary arrangements, banqueting hall, bath rooms and sleeping apartments.

The above to be subject to such changes as a majority of the members may elect after organization has been effected.—Williamsport Sun.

Death of Shannon McCormick.

Shannon McCormick, a well-known citizen of this county, died at his home at State College, on Tuesday afternoon April 20th, aged over 80 years.

The deceased was a prominent and useful citizen of that section of our county and a gentleman of the strictest honor and integrity. He was a Christian in his walk and conversation and a member of the Lutheran church. He was the father of ex-representative, Hon. John McCormick. Funeral, Thursday, afternoon.

Shake Into Your Shoes.

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It cures painful, swollen, smarting feet and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight-fitting or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Try it to-day. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. By mail for 25c. in stamps. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted Le Roy, N. Y.

Peach Crop Badly Damaged.

Reports from the peach growing sections in Franklin county, this state, and Washington county, Md, state that the freezing weather of Monday and Tuesday nights damaged the peach crop to the amount of several million dollars.

DIED IN BLOODY STRIFE

Terrible Double Tragedy in a Hotel at Uniontown.

THE INQUEST NOW GOING ON

Over the Bodies of Joshua McFadden and Frank Brown Found in a Room Where They Had Gone to Adjust a Partnership Dispute.

Uniontown, Pa., April 22.—A terrible double tragedy came to light here to-night by the discovery of the dead bodies of Joshua McFadden, of this place, and Frank Brown, of Fairchance, in a room on the third floor of the Lafayette hotel. Both are well known. Brown has been a civil engineer in the employ of the H. C. Frick Coke company for seven years, while McFadden was a clerk in Roth's department store, and is a son of James McFadden, the butcher of this place Only one revolver was found in the room and the six chambers were empty, pointing to murder and suicide, but which man committed the crime is not known and probably will never be answered.

There is no evidence of a scuffle. Both men were lying on the floor, Brown's head being at McFadden's feet. The empty revolver lay two feet away from the bodies, and from its position it cannot be told which man used it. McFadden is shot through the chest, while Brown's fatal wound is in the head. He is also shot through the left hand.

The tragedy was not discovered till 10 o'clock to night, and the bodies were cold and stiff, indicating that the men had been dead several hours. The discovery was made by a chambermaid, who forced her way into the room through a set of folding doors from an adjoining room. The alarm was immediately given and the police summoned, as it was at first supposed the men were murdered by a third man, who might possibly be in the house even at that time. Coroner P. F. Smith was also sent for, and upon his arrival he summoned a jury and began to take testimony. The only evidence was circumstantial and very incomplete.

It was developed that Brown and McFadden had been in partnership in the grocery business in Fairchance. They disolved partnership last September and when the books were balanced, Brown was indebted to the firm and he gave McFadden a note for $222. The note was due to-day, and their meeting at the hotel was for the purpose of effecting a settlement. The note was found on the floor, torn in two and badly crumpled, which creates the theory that there had been a scramble for it. A check for the amount of the note, in Brown's handwriting, was also found. It was not signed. All the papers were blood stained.

The testimony showed that the men had gone to the room shortly after 5 o'clock in the evening. Brown walked to this place from Leithworks, a mile south of town, where he had been surveying during the day. He brought with him the ledger containing the partnership accounts, and told some of his friends there were some mistakes which McFadden would have to rectify before the note would be paid. McFadden also told some of his friends that he could explain the disputed accounts. It is possible the men quarrelled over these accounts and got into an altercation, which culminated in the tragedy. Coroner Smith adjourned the inquest till tomorrow, when another session will be held and a verdict rendered.

There are many rumors and theories afloat to-night. One story told is that the tragedy is the result of jealousy over a young milliner of this place, and there was some testimony bearing on this feature of the case at the inquest.

The scene in the room in which the tragedy was enacted was as ghastly as can be imagined. Both men bled profusely and were lying in large pools of blood which literally soaked their clothes and the carpet. Blood had also been dashed against the walls and on the washstand and bed.

Lewis and Connelly.

In June, 1820, the neighborhood of Potter's Mills, Centre county, was disturbed by the noted robbers, Lewis and Connelly, who lurked in the Seven Mountains, and made incursions for purposes of plunder.

Hammond & Page, merchants of Bellefonte, were receiving at that time a stock of goods. They had three teams hauling them. One in particular, being loaded with the costliest goods, in crossing the Seven Mountains broke down, and it being late they drove on to John Carr's tavern at Potter's Mills with the remaining wagons. Lewis and his party overhauled the goods and took such as suited them, and then started for Potter's Mills with the intention of robbing Potter's store, but John Carr observed them at the shutter, and they fled and were followed by the few that could be gathered.

Paul Lebo, a very active man, outran the rest so far that Lewis and Connelly, who had secreted themselves, captured Lebo, and Connelly had him nearly choked to death, and only at the earnest request of Lewis released him.

The next place they were heard of was Col. McKibbon's, where they were diverting themselves on Sunday shooting at mark. Word was sent to Bellefonte and a party was sent in pursuit.

The night they were at Karthaus McGuire was captured near Great Island, which led the rest to burn part of their spoils, divide the rest, separate. On the 29th, McGhee's party lost their way and encamped in the woods. On the morning of the 30th they struck Trout Run, which empties into Bennett's Branch. Walker and Karnell started ahead to see if Lewis had made his appearance at his mother's, and finding that he had not, they joined the rest of the party that night and crossed over the Driftwood Branch opposite Shepperd's, and upon inquiry, they found that two men, answering the description of Lewis and Connelly, had breakfasted there. The party, accompanied by Shepherds, proceeded up Driftwood Branch about eight miles, and not being satisfied that these were the men they returned down the stream. Five miles below they saw a man named Brooks engaged in digging, who told them that Lewis and another man had passed that way, when they returned, with Brooks in their company, till they came within hearing of the robbers, who were shooting mark. Brooks took them to an eminence which overlooked and commanded their proceedings, and McGhee commanded their surrender. Their reply was, "Shoot and be damned! We'll shoot back." The posse fired and Lewis fell at the first fire. Connelly escaped to the bank of the river, when he was struck by a ball which cut the skin of his abdomen causing his entrails to protrude.

Connelly died that night and was buried near Great Island cemetery, (Lock Haven). Lewis died in the jail at Bellefonte, and his remains were taken to Milesburg for burial.

About the time that Lewis arose from the midst of the "empty store boxes and rubbish," at the corner of Front and Market streets, Harrisburg, where the wise men of the town met in council in the evening to talk over and consult about the "affairs of the nation," of the risk men run in business on the "highways and by-ways" from robbers and cut throats, and when "not the ghost," but the veritable highwayman and robber, David Lewis, rose up and exclaimed, "I am David Lewis, the robber, take me if you dare!" he put the whole squad to flight, running helter skelter over tar barrels and grindstones skinning their shins.—Linn's History.

Change of Meeting Night.

All members are hereby notified that the meeting night of the Sons of Veterans is changed from Thursday to Tuesday night. By order of the committee.

Thos Donachy,
John Bryan,
S. B. Miller.

Canadian Town Burned.

Detroit, Mich.. April 22.—The town of Norwood, Ont., was nearly destroyed by fire yesterday morning. Loss, $100,000; insurance, $40,000.

—Fire is raging on the Allegheny and Muncy mountains.

The Improved U. S. Separator's Figures Don't Lie.

Records at Dairy Schools, 1897.

	Skim-Milk Test.		Skim-Milk Test.
Maine.		**Ohio.**	
Feb. 2	0.03	Jan. 15	0.02
" 9	0.04	Feb. 2	0.00
Wisconsin.		" 15	0.02
Jan. 4	0.03	14 tests under	0.05
" 5	0.02	**Cornell.**	
" 21	0.03	In 23 tests, Jan. 7 to March 15.	
New Hampshire.		8 showed only	Trace
Feb. 18	0.01	11 showed only	0.03 to 0.05
" 19	0.04	**Vermont.**	
Massachusetts.		Jan. 13	0.01
Feb. 10	0.01	" 28	0.02
" 12	0.03	" 29	0.03
Illinois.		" 30	0.04
March 12	0.01		
" 15	0.005		

Thousands of dairymen find the same close skimming in daily use.

Our catalogues are full of it. Free for the asking.

We want agents where we have none.

VERMONT FARM MACHINE CO., Bellows Falls, Vermont.

Jesse Grant's Fare.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 23.—A story has been in circulation here for some days that Jesse R., the youngest son of Gen. Grant. asked the committee of arrangements to send him money, because he was too poor to pay his expense from California to New York, and that $150 was telegraphed him by Horace Porter. It is considered very strange that he should call upon the New York people for financial assistance when his mother has an income of $10,000 or $12,000 a year, his sister at least $25,000 a year, his brother Ulysses, who lives near him in California, is rated as a rich man, having married the only child of ex-Senator Chaffee, the Colorado millionaire. It is nevertheless true that Gen. Porter did telegraph $150 to Jesse Grant to pay his fare from California to New York. At the same time, it is explained that the committee of arrangements is paying the expenses of all the invited guest who desire them to do so.

Ex-Queen Lilliuokalani is going over to the Grant memorial celebration, and there is great curiosity to ascertain whether she has tickets, and if so where she got them. Ex-Senator Edmunds Gen. Van Vliet and Gen. Rucker of the army, who were Grant's classmates at West Point; ex-Secretary John W. Foster, ex-Minster John A. Kasson, ex-Senator Henderson, who was an intimate friend of Gen. Grant when he lived in St Louis, and other men of equal distinction have not yet received invitations.

To Investigate Penitentiaries.

HARRISBURG, April 23.—The senate yesterday concurred in the house resolution providing for an investigation into the management of the Eastern and Western penitentiaries. The committee, which is made up of five members of the house and three senators, is to report to the legislature not later than May 5.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS

but have sold direct to the consumer for 24 years, at wholesale prices, saving them the dealers' profits. Ship anywhere for examination before sale. Everything warranted. 100 styles of Carriages, 90 styles of Harness. Top Buggies as low as $25. Phaetons as low as $55. Spring Wagons, Road Wagons, etc. Send for large, free Catalogue.

No. 874. Surrey Harness—Price $14.95. As good as sells for $21.00. No. 628. Surrey—Price with curtains, lamps, sun-shade, apron and fenders, $60. As good as sells for $90.

ELKHART CARRIAGE AND HARNESS MFG. CO., W. B. PRATT, Sec'y, ELKHART, IND.

The N. Y. Weekly Tribune

FOR

EVERY member of
EVERY family on
EVERY farm, in
EVERY village, in
EVERY State or Territory.

FOR Education,
FOR Noble Manhood,
FOR True Womanhood.

IT GIVES all important news of the Nation.
IT GIVES all important news of the World.
IT GIVES the most reliable market reports.
IT GIVES brilliant and instructive editorials.
IT GIVES fascinating short stories.
IT GIVES an unexcelled agricultural department.
IT GIVES scientific and mechanical information.
IT GIVES illustrated fashion articles.
IT GIVES humorous illustrations.
IT GIVES entertainment to young and old.
IT GIVES satisfaction everywhere to everybody.

We Furnish The Republican and New York Tribune" 1 Year for $1.50. Cash in Advance.

Address all orders to The Republican

Write your name and address on a postal card, send it to Geo. W. Best, Tribune Office, New York City, and a sample copy of the "New York Weekly Tribune" will be mailed to you.

A Great Magazine Offer!

3 FOR 1

3 FOR 1

The regular subscription price of "DEMOREST'S MAGAZINE," "JUDGE'S LIBRARY," and "FUNNY PICTURES" is $3.30 } We will send all three to you for one year for $2.00, or six months for $1.

"DEMOREST'S MAGAZINE" is by far the best family magazine published; there is none of our monthlies in which the beautiful and the useful, pleasure and profit, fashion and literature are so fully presented as in Demorest's. There is in fact, no publication pretending to a similar scope and purpose which can compare with it. Every number contains a free pattern coupon.

"JUDGE'S LIBRARY" is a monthly magazine of fun, filled with illustrations in caricature and replete with wit and humor. Its contributors are the best of American wits and illustrators.

"FUNNY PICTURES" is another humorous monthly; there is a laugh in every line of it.

All three of these magazines are handsomely gotten up. You should not miss this chance to secure them. Address,

Demorest's Magazine, No 15 East 14th St., New York.

THOMAS JEFFERSON.

THE ORIGINAL DEMONETIZATION OF SILVER WAS EFFECTED BY JEFFERSON'S ORDER.

He Was at All Times Opposed to Cheap Money and Repudiation of Debts—Believed That Coinage Ratio Should Stick Close to the Market Ratio—Favored Use of Both Metals, but Showed a Moderate Preference For Gold—Could Not Have Stood on the Chicago Platform.

Thomas Jefferson was a patriot and a statesman of the highest order. It is proper for all true Democrats to celebrate his birthday, April 13, and to commemorate his many excellent qualities, but why should those who voted in 1896 to repudiate debts and to cheapen our dollar by attempting to fix an artificial ratio between gold and silver widely different from the market ratio meet to honor, or dishonor, Jefferson's name? Is there anything in his writings or his conduct to indicate that he would have been a cheap money and repudiation Democrat?

In 1783 Mr. Jefferson wrote:

The proportion between the value of gold and silver is a mercantile problem altogether. * * * Just principles will lead us to disregard legal proportions altogether, to inquire into the market price of gold in the several countries with which we shall principally be connected in commerce and to take an average from them.

Does this sound like the silver plank of the Chicago platform?

In a letter to Mr. Hamilton in February, 1792, Mr. Jefferson expressed his opposition to cheapening the dollar or reducing the monetary unit. He said of the dollar:

I very much doubt a right now to change the value, and especially to lessen it. It would lead to so easy a mode of paying off their debts * * * Should it be thought, however, that congress may reduce the value of the dollar, I should be for adopting for our unit, instead of the dollar, either one ounce of pure silver or one ounce of standard silver, so as to keep the unit of money a part of the system of measures, weights and coins.

The original "demonetization of silver" was effected by the following order from Thomas Jefferson:

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, May 2, 1806.

SIR—In consequence of a representation from the directors of the Bank of the United States that considerable purchases have been made of dollars coined at the mint for the purpose of exporting them, and as it is probable further purchases and exportations will be made, the president (Thomas Jefferson) directs that all silver to be coined at the mint shall be of small denominations, so that the value of the largest piece shall not exceed half a dollar.

JAMES MADISON.

ROBERT PATTERSON, Esq.,
Director of the Mint.

Except 1,000 pieces, no more silver dollars were coined till after Andrew Jackson retired from the presidency.

It is clear from Jefferson's writings that he favored the use of both metals, but only at their natural ratio in the world's markets. He seems to have had an instinctive fear that people who wished an "easy mode of paying off their debts" would attempt to fix our coinage system independent of the world's markets. His policy at all times was to stick close to the natural ratio.

His desire to ascertain the market ratio between gold and silver and adopt that as the legal ratio is shown again in his supplemental notes, Works, edition of 1853, volume 1, page 170, written in 1783 or 1784, when he suggests that the committee of the states be instructed:

To appoint also proper persons to inquire what are the proportions between the values of fine gold and fine silver at the markets of the several countries with which we are or may probably be connected in commerce, and what would be a proper proportion here, having regard to the average of their values at those markets and to other circumstances, and to report the same to the committee, by them to be laid before congress.

Jefferson framed and had passed by the Virginia assembly a law by which the value of the paper money of America was settled "in sterling money or the lawful money of England."

If Jefferson had been compelled to choose between the two metals, he would undoubtedly have taken gold. In his "Notes" he observed that the high price which Spain paid for gold had a tendency to draw away gold and to leave us only silver. He thought, therefore, that "we might with safety lean to a proportion somewhat above par for gold."

Free silver Democrats are not Jefferson Democrats. They should either abandon their false doctrines or worship at another shrine.

Good Money Is Good Anywhere.

While a government can within its territory define that which shall constitute a legal tender in satisfaction of contracts past and future it cannot by legislation fix the purchasing value of its money, for money is a commodity, and its value is determined in the markets of the world, and the laws of trade, like the laws of nature, are stronger and more farreaching than any constitutions or statutes. The best money is the money of greatest purchasing power, and that money has the maximum of purchasing power which is exchangeable at par, not only in the country from whose mint it is issued, but also in the markets of the world.

Peru Follows Japan.

Peru is the latest addition to the list of countries planning to get on to a solid gold basis. If silver keeps up its present rate of progress, there will be nothing left for gold to conquer in 1900. Of course the need for silver legislation will then be greater than ever, and the silverites must work accordingly. They will then have the herculean task of converting the whole world back to silver.

Our Own Experience.

In this country since 1865 the wage earner has received his pay in dollars which have on the whole steadily appreciated in value, so far as general commodities are concerned, so that the purchasing power of his wages has nearly doubled, while interest on capital has steadily fallen and now averages scarcely half what it was.

The Air Ship Again.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 23.—The mysterious airship was seen in this city this morning. It came down the Potomac and gradually disappeared from view over the hills of Virginia, sailing south of east. It was plainly seen by the officers and soldiers at Fort Myer, by the attaches of the Analostan Boat club and by hundreds of other reputable citizens who are willing to make oath that it was the genuine thing. To the naked eye it seemed like an oblong balloon floating upon its side, with a slight pitch in the direction in which it was going. Those who were fortunate enough to have glasses declare that it was a double-barreled arrangement, shaped like a catamaran, hanging vertically, rocking from side to side, and often shifting its position as if it was drifting in the atmosphere. Sometimes one of the ends would be toward the observers and then they would see it full broadside. No smoke or smokestack or wings or other means of propulsion could be detected—nothing more than the two cylinder-like objects that were coupled to each other fore and aft.

It is suggested at the agricultural department that the object in the air which created so much excitement was a kite sent up by the weather bureau for the purpose of meterological experiments, but those who saw it insist that such a thing is not possible.

Christian Endeavor Rates.

CHICAGO, April 23.—The Western roads to-day referred the question of rates to the Christian Endeavor convention in San Francisco to their executive committee. The proposition which seemed most favorable was that a one-way rate of $25 between Chicago and San Francisco be made in both directions via the Missouri river, and that the one-way rate in each direction via St. Paul and Portland be $32.50. The southern Pacific wants a round trip of $50 made from Chicago. The Western roads cannot see any other than the one-way rate way of protecting their regular business from demoralization through the manipulation of these very low rates, and they have intimated that if the Southern Pacific does not like their plan they will stay out of the business altogether and allow the convention to be taken away from San Francisco. The reference of the matter to the executive committee is to see if it cannot make terms with the Southern Pacific, without the concurrence of which no rate can be made.

A New Mail Carrrier.

At the civil service examination held in Bellefonte last December Charles Garis, of Pleasant Gap passed the examination for carrier with a high average. There being need of a substitute carrier, Postmaster Fortney recently appointed him to that position. We congratulate Mr. Garis on his appointment. He is a deserving young man, capable and industrious, and will no doubt serve the people well. Mr. Garis is a sargeant in Company B 5th Regiment, N. G. P.

Damages for Gen. Ewing's Death.

New York, April 20.—Mrs. Maria Ewing Martin was awarded $5,000 damages from the Third Avenue Street Railway Company to-day for the death of her father, Gen. Thomas Ewing. The General was knocked down and fatally injured by a cable car on January 26, 1896. He was formerly a member of Congress from Ohio, and was a cousin of Secretary of State John Sherman. Mrs. Martin sued for $50,000 damages.

For Widows on Bicycles.

A problem that has been bothering bereaved bicycle widows in the east, as to the mourning dress appropriate for wheeling exercise, has been happily solved by a young Ohio mourner, who takes a daily spin clad in black turban, black dress, black leggings, black gloves, and with the handle bars wrapped in black streamers. No mistake is made when this fair cyclist whirls along; she is the widow in her wheeling weeds.

There is a Class of People

Who are injured by the use of coffee. Recently there has been placed in all the grocery stores a new preparation called GRAIN-O, made of pure grains, that takes the place of coffee. The most delicate stomach receives it without distress, and but few can tell it from coffee. It does not cost over ¼ of much. Children may drink it with great benefit. 15c. and 25c. per package. Try it. Ask for GRAIN-O.

R. G. DUN'S REVIEW

Business Outlook Over the Entire Country.

THAT WAR ON THE OTHER SIDE

It Caused a Spurt in Wheat, But Outside of That the Markets Simply Held Their OWn Weight —A Week's Business Failures.

NEW YORK, April 23.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade to-morrow will say: If either Turkey or Greece had been wholly buried in the sea, markets might have been affected less than by the outbreak of war in Europe! Like a fire in the heart of a crowded city, it raises the question whether a general conflagration may spring out of it. To this possibility, and not to the direct influence of either Turkey or Greece upon the world's money or product market was due the excitement in grain and stocks. As the unknown is magnified, American markets were much more flighty than European, where the possibilities have been discussed and partly discounted for months. But the uncertainty remains and will affect movements of money and staples until it disappears, creating a larger demand for American products at higher prices, causing hasty speculative selling of securities at times, but also more continuous buying by foreign investors, and not improbably influencing the attitude of powers on questions important to this country.

Wheat rose six cents from Monday to Thurday, and has maintained most of the rise. Since Russia and the Danubian states will be likely to ship wheat scantily, especial needs and much higher prices being possible there a larger share of the requirements of Western Europe may naturally be drawn from this country, and the chance of a war between great powers has the more influence because supplies held are not large. While western receipts do not yet increase, and in three weeks have been but 5,641,001 bushels, against 5,933,199 last year, Atlantic exports begin to gain slightly, amounting to 1,190,329 bushels, flour included, against 1,085,764 last year, and for three week have been 3,538,170 bushels, against 3,453,679 last year. But the great increase is still in corn, of which the price has scarcely advanced, though Atlantic exports were 4,189,146 bushels for the week, and for three weeks 10,221,151 bushels, against 2,624,732 last year. Already the exports for the crop year have been 33,000,000 bushels larger than Atlantic exports of wheat and flour, and may soon exceed the total exports of wheat and flour from both coasts. Cotton had been affected scarcely at all, though goverment estimates that the flooded districts yielded nearly 500,000 bales, for increased acreage in other sections is generally reported. The past week, like others of late, has witnessed starting of operations by several iron works, especially in black sheets for tinning, and yet prices of pig iron and unfinished products are lower, the demand not yet equalling the supply. Bessemer pig has sold as low as $9.50 at Pittsburg and Grey Forge at $5.50 in Birmingham. Steel billets fall to $14.25 at Pittsburg and angles to one cent, and wire rods cannot be supplied fast enough at $21.75. Nails are strong and a few more structural orders are pending. Eastern works also have orders for 15,000 tons of steel rails. Complaint and proof that the demand for products is deficient, blinds many to the fact that the actual work in progress, largely on the heavy orders for beams, billets, rails and sheet bars taken when the pools broke up, is of greater volume than for a long time. Large sales of copper are reported at 11½ cents, with production of 18,283 tons in March. The end of stipulated curtailment has been reached by some cotton mills, and nearly by all, and since the auction sale some bleached goods have been slightly advanced, but actual buying does not increase and print cloths do not improve. Sales of wool have been largely of foreign, reports being swelled by arrivals of quantities sold some time ago and imports at Boston for the week were 32,000 bales. For the three chief cities sales were 34,036,800 pounds in three weeks, 20,271,500 being foreign, against 15,963,100 in 1892, including 7,574,000 foreign. But manufacturers are doing scarcely anything and orders for goods improve very little, though for somewhat better grades of goods.

Failures for the week have been 218 in the United States against 238 last year, and 21 in Canada against 44 last year.

A Reliable Woman Wanted.

We want a reliable woman in every County to establish a corset parlor for the sale of Dr. Nichol's Celebrated Spinal Supporting Corsets and "Double from End to End" Clasps, with Asbestos Lined Bust Protector. Every pair warranted not to break or rust; absolutely impervious to moisture or perspiration. A new pair given for every pair that breaks. Guarantee printed on each corset. Recommended by over 10,000 physicians. furnish complete stock on consignment and pay a salary of $40 to $65 per month and expenses. $3.00 sample outfit free. Send 10 cents postage for sample and terms.

Nichols Manufacturing Co.,
tf 378 Canal Street, New York

For the Relay Races.

STATE COLLEGE, Pa., April 22.—The team to represent State College in the relay races at Philadelphia on Saturday was chosen to-day and consists of the following men: F. A. Keiser, '98; J. K. Fulton, Jr, 1900; G. M. Norman, '99; H. M. Spalding, 1900; E. B. Espenshade, '98. Spalbing will be the substitute for the team. Last year State came off victor in the race, winning over the Western university, Bucknell and Dickinson, time, 3,43 for the quarter. This year the team is grouped higher, being with the Western university. Hahneman Medical college and Villa Nova college. Captain J. Mc. Curtin, of the foot ball team for '97 will call out the squad for candidates on May first. The association has already arranged for games during the season with the University of Pennsylvania, Princeton, Naval Academy, Lafayette and Bucknell.

The general athletic association will hold its anual election of officers Saturday. The candidates for the various places are: For president, J. Mc. Curtin, '98; H. A. Murray, '99; vice president, F. A. Kaiser, '98' J. H. M. Andrews, '98; secretary, Rufus Strohm, '98, Clay Sprecher, '98; treasurer, W. P. Cochran, '98, R. K. Stevenson, '98.

Burned by Flying Rockets.

Philadelphia, Pa., April 22.—The ceremonies of the second day of the jubilee celebration in honor of the completion by Archbishop Ryan of twenty-five years' work in the ministry commenced at 10 o'clock this morning by the celebration of pontifical mass in the Cathedral. The service was attended by a vast congregation. Archbishop Ryan was assisted by the Very Rev. John E. Fitzmaurice, rector of the seminary. Cardinal Gibbons was assisted by the Rev. E. O. Hilterman. Mgr. Martinelli, papal delegate, was assisted by the Very Rev. James McGill, V. C. M., and the Rev. Frederick Z. Rooker, D. D., Secretary of the papal legation at Washington.

A panic, that for a time threatened to be serious, was created to-night by the explosion of a lot of fireworks near the stand in front of the Catholic High School from which Archbishop Ryan reviewed the imposing parade of Catholic societies. Nine persons were more or less burned by flying rockets or injured in the rush, but no serious results are feared.

The honors and attentions showered upon General Grant during his tour of the world are, perhaps, unequaled in the history of kingly hospitality. He was received everywhere as the greatest soldier of his time and as the foremost living American. Hon. John Russell Young who accompanied General Grant throughout the famous journey, graphically recalls, in the May Ladies' Home Journal its conspicuous incidents: the receptions, dinners, fetes, balls, etc., given in honor of the illustrious American. It is said that Mr. Young brings to light a fact that has received but passing attention: that General Grant was instrumental in arranging the terms of a treaty of peace between China and Japan, which prevented an outbreak of war between those nations.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surface. Such articles should never be used except on prescription from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by druggists price 75c. per bottle. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The Bicycle Fiend.

The new arrival joined the crowd. "May I ask what is going on? he inquired of a native westerner.

"You may. W'ere hangin' a feller for stealin' a wheel."

"But don't you think that's pretty tough punishment for a rather simple crime?"

"Simple crime! Why, good Lord stranger, it was a '97 model."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

SCIENTIFIC KITE-FLYING will be the subject of three papers in *The Century* for May, each one written by an expert, and illustrated by accurate drawings. Mr. J. B. Millet discribes the meteorological investigations carried on at Blue Hill Observatory, near Boston; Lieutenant Hugh D. Wise, U. S. A., tells of his experiments at Governor's Island, including the first ascent by kite-power made in this country, and William A. Eddy writes of his experiences in photographing, telephoning, by means of kites.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The undersigned having been restored to health by simple means, after suffering for several years with a severe lung affection and that dread disease **Consumption**, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To those who desire it we will cheerfully send (free of charge) a copy of the prescription used, which they will find a sure cure for **Consumption, Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis** and all throat and lung maladies. He hopes all sufferers will try his remedy, as it is invaluable. those desiring the prescription, which will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing, will please address,

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Brooklyn, New York

"A FAIR FACE MAY PROVE A FOUL BARGAIN." MARRY A PLAIN GIRL IF SHE USES

SAPOLIO

The Private Stable of M. B. Garman.

Mr. Mart B. Garman expects to make some extensive improvements to the stable on his property on Allegheny street, which, when completed, will make him the possessor of one of the finest private stables in this part of the state. It will be almost double its present size and will be heated by steam and lighted by electricity. Several single stalls, a box stall, carriage and harness rooms and office will be added.

Mr. Garman owns a string of five of the finest pieces of horse flesh to be found in this part of the country. They are the envy of horsemen for miles around. The star of this string is the brown pacing mare, Dollie Spencer. She was purchased by Mr. Garman last month at Cambridge, Ind. She has a record of 2.22¼. Trial, 2.16. Foaled in 1890. Bred by R. R. Spencer, Clarksburg, Ind. She was sired by St. George, son of Blue Bull 75, and her dam was by Red Abbat, son of Blue Bull 75, the old hero of Flatrock. Dollie Spencer was trained in 1896 for the first time and after 30 days stepped a quarter in 34 seconds. In June she started at Lima in a field of 16, where she secured third money; the first heat in that race was paced in 2.16, she being timed repeatedly in 2.17¼. Her next race was at Lancaster, where she was second four times, when a heavy rain came up and her trainer drew her. She next started at Circleville, where she won in straight heats. Her next two races were at McKee's Rocks, Pa., both in one week and she won them both. After that she was not started. In her races she defeated such good horses as E. M. H. 2.16; Bessie Bonehill 2.10¾, Elenor 2.11¼, Venture 2.15¾, Lorene 2.15¼, Pat Shay 2.18, Nutlene 2.19¼, and others too numerous to mention. Barring accidents she will beat 2.10 this year.

Mr. Garman expects to campaign her this year. She will start on the Grand Circuit May 1st, and will be under the charge of Jim Chambers of DuBois.

Mr. Garman also owns Loreine, the only Patchen horse in this part of the country. She is the most intensely inbred Patchen mare now living. She is in foal to Henry Hal, son of the great Simmons.

The stable is under the charge of Geo. Beezer, a man who thoroughly understands the care and handling of horses, and has secured as coachman John McCarty of Indiana. In this stable can be found all the modern conveniences for the comfort of the horses. There is a machine by which you can clip a horse in half an hour; it is also used to clean or curry them, and is run by a water motor.

Mr. Garman is also well supplied with carriages. He has recently added a Victoria, which is a beauty and no mistake. Mr. Garman is a man who likes to have everything about him in style and up-to-date. His fine stable will certainly be a credit to this community.

Treed by a Big Bear.

James H. Sheddy and George Fessler, of Renovo, fished for trout in Dark Hollow run, a branch of Paddy's run, on Monday, and after they had walked along the stream for a short time the two men separated, Mr. Sheddy going farther up the run, Dark Hollow is famous as a resort for bears, and what follows is told by the Renovo News thusly: About the last thing Mr. Sheddy expected to encounter was a bear, yet there came suddenly upon him, while he was engaged in disposing of his lunch, a bear which to him appeared as big as an elephant. Mr. Sheddy first saw the bear about fifteen feet away from him, eyeing him scornfully. The fisherman lost no time in shinning up a tree. There in comparative safety Mr. Sheddy watched bruin eat the remainder of the lunch, and when the toothsome viands had been disposed of the bear gave his attention to a pair of shoes which lay close by. This last act of "hoggishness" on the part of bruin caused the man "up a tree" to groan with anguish as he thought of walking eight miles in his bare feet. The bear finding there was nothing more to eat moved leisurely away and Mr. Sheddy descended from his perch. He was in the act of making a pair of temporary shoes out of hemlock bark when Mr. Fessler came along. The gentlemen were successful in catching trout and took home with them one hundred of the speckled beauties of from eight to fourteen inches in length.

SPRING.

When the mud is on the highway
And the robin's on the wing,
And the tender poets carol
Forth their gentle songs of spring;
Then the country housewife's fancy
'Gins 'mid future scenes to stray,
And the burden of her song is,
"When the hens begin to lay."

Refrain.
When the hens begin to lay,
Then will come a happy day,
Oh, the lovely things I'll buy
When the hens begin to lay.

"There'll be new shoes for the baby,
There'll be jackets for the boys;
Hubby wants a gun and bird shot
And the girls shall have some toys.
I must have a hat for Easter
And a new dress right away,
And maybe I'll paint the kitchen
When the hens begin to lay,"

But alas for women's planning,
And alas for women's woes:
There are other hens in business
With the melting of the snows.
And the price of eggs drops lower
'Till you know its down to stay,
And the only way to fortune
Is to eat the hens that lay!

When the hens begin to lay
In spring it doesn't pay,
Pingree eggs and cheap potatoes
It would seem have come to stay.

—Detroit Journal.

Base Ball Suits and Bicycles Free.

It is safe to say that nearly every member of the rising generation is now thinking either of base ball or bicycling. But how to get the bicycle and how to get base ball uniforms, are the problems. "The Philadelphia Press" solves both. That paper, which has always led in its amateur base ball and bicycling departments, now makes two novel, interesting offers. It will furnish, absolutely free, to the amateur base ball club receiving the greatest number of votes before June 19, a complete set of the finest National League Base Ball uniforms. This includes caps, shoes, belts, stockings, shirts and trousers, and the whole outfit will be of the finest quality. The whole outfit will be given absolutely free to the amateur club receiving the greatest number of votes. Full details of the offer are given in "The Press" every day.

Any number of bicycles will be given free to those who will render a trifling service to "The Press." Details of the bicycle offer will be sent to any person who sends two two-cent postage stamps to "The Press" Philadelphia.

Mrs. Nancy McKinley's Birthday.

CANTON, Ohio, April 23.—Nancy Allison McKinley, mother of the nation's President, celebrated her eighty-eighth birthday at her home in this city to-day. She is in excellent health, barring slight attacks of rheumatism. All day letters and telegrams of congratulations were received by her from friends, and in many instances from strangers.

JOS. HORNE & CO

Easy to Buy Them.

The goods advertised this week are all in the strictest sense, GOOD GOODS, and are in the neatest and prettiest patterns which we can find in the market. But they are sold from 10 to 30 per cent. less than you ever got them before.

WASH FABRICS.

Scotch Lawns, the kind that usually cost 20 cents a yard, for twelve and a half cents a yard.

Dainty Dimities, stripe and floral patterns, 12½ cents a yard, usually 15 and 20 cents,

Batistes, in unusually pretty patterns, goods sheer and fine as a French Organdie, 12½ cents a yard.

Lappet Mulls, about twenty styles, in mostly dark colorings, 15 cents a yard.

French Percales, 15 cents a yard, a splendid lot of patterns. The goods are 36 inches wide.

Cotton Etamines, which it would take actual handling to distinguish from a silk grenadine, 15 cents a yard.

Scotch Ginghams, in excellent patterns, 15 and 18 cents a yard.

WASH SILKS.

The finest lot of patterns ever gotten together, and the best grades ever sold at the price, as the samples will show, a new lot of 400 pieces, at 25 and 35 cents a yard.

New things in colored dress goods, at 50 cents a yard, which are wonderful bargains.

Whatever you want write us for samples of it. Mention this paper.

PITTSBURG, PA.

The Bellefonte Republican

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.
Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

Local Department.

—Now prepare for Decoration Day.

—Jersey Shore will celebrate the 4th of July.

—There are over thirty-five wheelmen in Patton.

—From all reports Altoona will get the next state fair.

—Don't forget the dance at the Coleville band room Thursday evening.

—Centre Hall Presbyterians are thinking about erecting a parsonage.

—The P. O. S. of A. is building a 22x40 hall at Oval, Lycoming county.

—The hand organ man is with us once again. Next thing in order is a circus.

—Eggs at Centre Hall are selling for eight cents a dozen and potatoes bring only ten and twelve cents a bushel.

—The whistle at the electric light works has been repaired and the fire alarms will be sounded from there in the future.

—A Herdic coach line has been organized to run from Lewistown Junction to Reedsville. Six coaches will run every hour.

—Company B gave an exhibition drill on the diamond Friday night, which was witnessed by a large number of our citizens.

To Cure Constipation Forever.
Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money

In case of burns, sprains, scalds, or any of the other accidental pains likely to come to the human body, Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil gives almost instant relief.

—Will Garman, mailing clerk in the post office, last Tuesday evening caught a trout at the High Street bridge that measured 13½ inches in length.

—Rev. W. E. Woodson will deliver a sermon especially for Odd Fellows in the A. M. E church next Sunday evening. Everybody cordially invited to be present.

—Charles H. Powell wishes the public to know, that he has established a boot black stand. He can be found this week in front of the Garman House, where he is prepared to shine your shoes in the proper manner. Give him a call.

All those creeping, crawling, stinging sensations that combine to make up the tortures of any itching disease of the skin are instantly relieved and permanently cured by Doan's Ointment. Take no substitute. Doan's never fails.

—Mrs. Joseph Garbrick, wife of the keeper of the poor house, was stricken with apoplexy Saturday evening about 6 o'clock. She is unable to speak or recognize anyone. As she is a woman up in 70 it is feared that she will not recover.

—James I. McClure, the Bishop street harnessmaker, shipped by Adams Express to Lakeside Park, Richmond, Virginia, six gray squirrels, eight red foxes, two porcupines and one large horned owl. All the above animals are natives of Centre county.

—Mr. James Stine, the Thomas street blind grocer has recently moved his place of business from the Doll property to the property two doors west of that. He has just received a fresh stock of groceries and would be pleased to receive a share of the patronage of the public. All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for groceries.

—Bishop Vincent, of the Methodist Episcopal church, who taught school in Franklin township, Huntingdon county, about forty-three years ago, and made the acquaintance of a number of members of the Mattern family at that time, has accepted an invitation to be present at the Mattern family reunion at Warriorsmark in June.—Tyrone Herald.

—The Saturday half-fare "shopping train" over the Bellefonte Central railroad has proved a great success to the road and to Bellefonte merchants. It would be of much profit to our business people if they would induce the other roads in the county to put on half-fare Saturday shopping trains.

—Mr. Burdine Butler, of Howard, last week went to Mr. J. Bartley's in Marion township to dishorn some cattle. While there he was severely bitten by Mr. Bartley's bull-dog, which caused him to be confined to his house for several days. Mr. Butler informed Mr. Bartley that if he would kill the dog he would not claim any damages. Of course the dog was killed.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
CURE CONSTIPATION
REGULATE THE LIVER
10¢ 25¢ 50¢
ALL DRUGGISTS
ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEED to cure any case of constipation, Cascarets are the Ideal Laxative, never grip or gripe, but cause easy natural results. Sample and booklet free. Ad. STERLING REMEDY CO., Chicago, Montreal, Can., or New York. 317.

The Evangelists Were Here.

Evangelist J. W. Vandeventer and the sweet singer, W. S. Weeden, held a service in the Court House Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. The big room was crowded to the doors with people.

The singing was led by Mr. Weeden with his usual success. He also sang two beautiful solos. The one entitled "Saved by Grace" is a great favorite in Bellefonte.

Rev. J. W. Vandeventer preached the sermon, and took for his text, "Thou art weighed in the balance and art found wanting." It was a powerful exhortation and made a profound impression on all present. This was Mr. Vandeventer's first appearance in Bellefonte and the people were highly pleased with his talk.

Mr. Weeden also sang in the Presbyterian church in the morning and the Methodist in the evening. Rev. Vandeventer preached in the Evangelical church in the evening.

If arrangements can be made Messrs. Weaver, Weeden and Vandeventer will be here for a ten days' stay after their services at Lock Haven are over.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.
To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

Sudden Death at Blanchard.

David Bitner, an aged citizen of Blanchard, died Friday morning at 10:45 o'clock, from heart failure. His death was a very sudden one. When he went to bed Thursday night he was apparently in as good health as ever. Friday morning he began complaining of severe pain in his side, and a physician was sent for, who did all he could for the man, but all to no purpose, as Mr. Bitner continued to grow worse until he finally expired at the above stated time.

He was 75 years old. His wife, Mary, and the following named children survive: K. Irvin Bitner, of Hagerstown, Md.; Mrs. Kate Scantlon, J. A., Mrs. Alice Harter, Mrs. Thomas Bachelder and Ina M., of Blanchard.

The funeral took place Monday morning. Services were conducted at the house at 11 o'clock by Revs. Long and Blair. Interment at Blanchard.

CASTORIA.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Danny Knouff Fatally Injured.

Danny Knouff, who will be remembered as Bellefonte's crack base ball pitcher the season the Mountain league was in existence, is lying in the Pennsylvania hospital, in Philadelphia, with a broken back.

He was attached to the fire department in the Quaker city and while working at a fire, at 831 Market street, a few nights ago, he fell from a ladder and broke his back. He cannot recover.—Watchman.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Liver Ills, Biliousness, Indigestion, Headache. Easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

Off the Track.

Just as the 9.23 mail train from Tyrone, pulled into the station at this place, an accident occured which delayed them for forty-five minutes. The cause of the delay was the breaking off of about a foot and a half of the flange of one of the truck wheels on the tender. This threw the tender off the track as they were coming around the curve below the depot. It was a very fortunate thing that the train was running slow or the accident might have been a more serious one. They were compelled to leave the passenger engine here and take the local freight engine to convey them to Lock Haven.

Sudden Death at Beech Creek.

William Packer, formerly of Marsh Creek, Centre county, Pa., died very suddenly at Beech Creek Saturday, from paralysis. Deceased had been in his usual good health until 10 o'clock Saturday evening, when he was stricken down and died a few hours later. His funeral took place Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock.—Lock Haven Democrat.

Court Proceedings.

The April term of court convened on Monday at nine o'clock with Judges Love and Faulkner on the bench. The most of the morning was taken up by the fileing of petitions, and hearing reports from constables.

Judge Love delivered a very interesting charge to constables, in regards to fighting forest fires. He said it was their duty to get up a posse and fight the fire, and do everything possible to preserve property. All those who are engaged in that way in fighting fires, are entitled to pay at the rate of 12½ cents an hour.

The only case that came up was the commonwealth against Coburn King This young man stabbed a dutch peddler at Millheim, about a year ago, and escaped. A few weeks ago he was apprehended at Clearfield and brought to this place for trial. He entered a plea of guilty to assault and battery and aggravated assault. Sentence has not yet been passed.

Albert Hoy, of State College, was made foreman of the grand jury.

Various petitions were presented by the different attorneys when court was called at 2 p. m. Monday.

Several true bills were handed in by the grand jury.

The only case tried during the afternoon was that of Samuel Gramley, executor of Mrs. Sarah Shaffer, versus Jacob Hazel; action of assumpsit. The jury was out but a short time, and brought in a verdict for $83.00 in favor of plaintiff.

Court called Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock. The whole morning was taken up in the trial of the case of the Commonwealth vs. Catherine Wilson and Wm. Twigg, indicted for assault and battery. This suit was brought by a school girl named Clark who thought she was unjustly whipped by her teacher.

Com. vs. John Brumbaugh; f. and b. Plead guilty and usual fine imposed.

Court convened at two o'clock Tuesday afternoon and the following cases were disposed of.

Commonwealth vs. Mr. and Mrs. Spearly. Keeping and maintaining a disorderly house. Plead Guilty. Sentence suspended

Com. vs. John River, Suretyo f Peace, Defendent to pay costs of prosecution.

David Spicer et al vs. J. H. Meyers executor. Plea "Nil Debit." Judgement for plaintiff.

In the case of Com. vs. Wm. Twigg and Catherine Wilson the jury returned a verdict of "Not Guilty" after being out four hours. The costs were divided.

Com. vs. Harry Brown, assault and battery. Verdict "Not Guilty" and the costs divided between prosecutor and defendent. Brac Powel was the prosecutor. As neither one could pay the costs they now languish in Fort Cronister.

On Wednesday the following cases were tried.

Wm. Freese. vs. J. A. Seligman & Co. Action of assumsit. Verdict for Plaintiff.

J. B. Leitzel. vs. E. C. Bressler. Appeal. Verdict for defendent.

Licensed to Marry.

Following is the list of marriage licenses granted by Register Rumberger during the past week:

Charles A. Miller and Ida M. Lee, both of Dolyer, Pa.

Curtis A. Jones of Patton Twp., and Grace G. Adams of Port Matilda.

Orran E. Poorman and Melissa M. Eckley, both of Boggs Twp.

Calvin Barto, of Guyer, and Barbara E. L. Strayer, of Gatesburg.

James E. Steward, of New Bloomfield, Pa., and Sarah C. Deininger, of Centre Hall, Pa.

George Kosur and Annie Poolik, both of Clarence, Pa.

John W. Hartsock and Kate Behrer, both of Waddles, Pa.

Harvey O. Brown and Nettie Lucas, both of Boggs Twp.

Jacob H. Weaver and Emma Mowry, both of Walker Twp.

List of Unclaimed Letters.

The following letters remain in the Bellefonte postoffice uncalled for April 26, 1897:

Thos. Crowley, Miss Anna Frey, Falgood & Bertinsky, Mrs. Jane Hoover, H. A. Henderson, Robt. Kelley, Bessie Kelley, Samuel Lucas, Mrs. Emma Miller, Mrs. Annie Miller, A. C. Page, Henry Sharp, Larile Shanzenback, Mrs. Mary Young.

When called for please say advertised. D. F. FORTNEY, P. M.

CAPTAIN LEYDEN'S DEATH.

An Order Issued by Colonel Hall at Fort Sheridan.

Colonel Hall, commander of the Fourth Infantry, at Fort Sheridan, has issued an order regarding the death of Captain James A. Leyden, formally of Bellefonte. It is as follows:

"With grief the Regimental Commander announces to the regiment the death at this post, on the afternoon of the 10th instant, after an illness of only seven days, of Captain James A. Leyden.

"He was born at Chattanooga, Tennessee, May 3d, 1856, and appointed cadet, United States Military Academy, in 1875. Graduating from the Academy in 1879, he was commissioned in the Fourth Infantry and was therefore thoroughly identified with it. Its historian, and from July, 1890, till July, 1894, its adjutant, he was familiar with the minutest detail of its eventful history, and did much by example and precept to maintain its good name. In whatever duties he was engaged, whether in garrison, campaign, or in exploration of country little known before he visited it, his characteristics were perfect reliability and thoroughness.

"He was a pure minded and honorable gentleman whose congenial companionship we shall sorely miss.

"In respect for his memory the officers of the regiment will wear the usual badge of mourning for thirty days."

Funeral of Mrs. John Roderigue.

The funeral of Mrs. John Roderigue took place Saturday a. m. at 10 o'clock, from St. John's Catholic church on Bishop street. She died in New York city on Wednesday and her remains were brought to this place for burial on the 9.28 train this morning.

The services at the church were conducted by Rev. Father McArdle, assisted by a Priest from Lock Haven. The pall-bearers were George L. Potter, W. F. Reeder, John M. Dale, John I. Curtin, George Brew and Harry Curtin.

There was a large attendance of sorrowing friends and relatives, many being from a distance. The floral offerings were profuse and beautiful. Interment was made in the Catholic cemetery.

Deceased was a daughter of Henry Tammany, deceased, a former resident of this place, and a cousin of Mrs. Margaret Brockerhoff.

The following are the names of those from a distance who were in attendance: John Roderigue, of New York, husband of deceased; George S. Strong, of New York; Mrs. Kephart, child and nurse, of Ebensburg, Pa.; R. I. Fleming and wife, of Brookville, Pa.; E. A. Monaghan and wife, W. A. Simpson and wife, and W. A. Simpson, Jr., of Lock Haven; Mr. Devaux, of Pittsburg; P. S. Bowen, president of the New York & Ogdensburg R. R. of New York City.

Why not be Strong?

Blood, tissue, health and strength are generated from the food we eat; therefore, the maintenance of a vigorous digestion is quite essential to life. To strengthen and help digestion, use Dr. John W. Bull's Pills, the best remedy for stomach troubles ever devised. Mrs. C. J. Dobson, Kansas, Ill., in ordering some Dr. Bull's Pills, writes: "The people in this section are daily accomplishing good results with Dr. John W. Bull's Pills. An old lady told me the pills did her so much good, she could not be without them." Dr. John W. Bull's Pills (60 in a box) cost but 25 cents; trial box, 10 cents, at all dealers, or by mail. A. C. Meyer & Co., Baltimore, Md. Ask for the genuine Dr. John W. Bull's Pills.
Forsale by C. M. Parrish.

Edward Weaver Dead.

Edward Weaver the man who was so frightfully injured in a runaway at Wolfe's store last Friday, an account of which was published in this paper, died Sunday morning at ten o'clock. The funeral took place Tuesday morning. Interment at Brumgart's Church, two miles east of Wolfe's store.

Itching, Burning Skin Disease.
Relieved in a day. Eczema, Salt Rheum, Barbers Itch, and all eruptions of the skin quickly relieved and speedily cured by Dr. Agnew's Ointment. It will give instant comfort in cases of Itching, Bleeding, or Blind Piles, and will cure in from three to six nights. 35 cents.
Sold by J. N. & S. Krumrine.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.
Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

PERSONAL PENCILINGS.

Governor Hastings has taken to riding a wheel.

J. H. Reifsnyder, of Millheim, is in town to-day.

C. P. Hewes Esq, was a passenger east Tuesday morning.

J. G. Burket and wife of Stormstown were in town Friday.

Ex-Sheriff John P. Condo, of Millheim, visited our city Tuesday.

Ex Judge Samuel Frank, of Rebersburg was in town Friday.

Miss Maude Woomer, of this place, spent Sunday in Millheim.

Mr. Grant Hoover, transacted business in Millheim Wednesday.

Dr. J. W. VanValin, of Unionville, was in town Monday on business.

Miss Emma J. Aikens, of Bellefonte, is the guest of Tyrone friends.

Hugh Beaver left this afternoon on the 2:15 train for New York city.

Philip H. Meyer, of Boalsburg, spent Saturday in town on business.

C. M. Parrish, the druggist, spent Easter with his parents at Ebensburg.

G. W. Loner, a prominent citizen of Stormstown, was in town Monday.

Ex-sheriff Robert Cooke, of Howard, transacted business in this city Monday.

Hon John. A Woodward, of Howard transacted business in Bellefonte Friday.

H. H. Martin and Charles E. Ball both of Lock Haven registered at the Garman House Friday.

Miss Blanch Hayes spent Easter in Williamsport as the guest of her friend Miss Parsons.

John A. Daley, a prominent Republican of Curtin township, is in Bellefonte today on business.

J. Malcolm Laurie left on Monday for New York City to attend the dedication of Grant's monument.

John Bower a student at Franklyn and Marshall College is spending his Easter vacation at home.

Ira C. Mitchell Esq. has moved his law office from Criders Exchange, to his residence on Spring steet.

Harry Jackson, a son of George W. Jackson, arrived home this morning from a trip to Philadelphia.

Walter Agar, a prominent business man of Lock Haven, registered at the Garman House to-day.

J. A. Feidler, formerly editor of the Gazette now holds a position on the Harrisburg Evening News.

Mrs. Carrie Openheimer, of Baltimore, Md., is visiting her sister, Mrs. Samuel Lewin, on Linn street.

Mr. Thomas Morris, of Bellefonte, acted as one of the ushers at the Wigton-Lloyd wedding last evening.

John T. Johnson departed for Harrisburg on Tuesday after spending a few days at his home in this place.

R. L. McClintock, the Mill Hall liveryman, was in Bellefonte Thursday purchasing new buggies and carriages.

Mr. John Seibring has finished his work as Mercantile Appraiser. He found it rough traveling over the county,

Frank Shoemaker and wife, of Ebensburg, attended the funeral of Mrs. John Roderigue in this place last Saturday.

Mr. C. T. Gerberich after being confined to his house for the past three weeks with rheumatism is able to be about again.

Rev Dr. Wright, of Lock Haven, exchanged pulpits on Sunday last with Dr. Laurie at the Presbyterian church.

CASTORIA.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Mr. Andrew Brockerhoff and Mr. Frank Warfield, both of this city, registered at the Park Hotel Williamsport Tuesday.

Wm P. Brew left for his home in Pittsburg this afternoon. He was here in the interest of electrical manufacturing company.

Edward Hepburn left for Lock Haven on Tuesday. He will superintend the erection of the Weaver tabernacle at that place.

Wilmer L. Malin, of this place, has been appointed secretary of the Pennsylvania commission to the Tennessee Centennial.

Simon Sellers, of Stormstown, an old veteran of the late war and for many years constable of Half-Moon township was in attendance at Court Monday.

Mrs. James Schofield, of this place is at present in Philadelphia, with her daughter, Miss Elizabeth, who is undergoing treatment in the Medico-Chuirgical Hospital in that city.

Tuesday's Philipsburg Journal says:

Mrs. Mary Peters, of Bellefonte, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Geo. W. Lucas, in this place, returned to her home this morning.

Captain Harry Simler, of Philipsburg, is attending court this week. He was accompanied on his way here by his daughter, Ellen, who will visit for a few days at the home of her sister in Milesburg.

Mrs. Theodore Cherry and her two daughters, from Bellefonte, came in on the Tuesday morning train and are the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Condo, on Main street for a few days.—Millheim Journal.

ROYAL
BAKING
POWDER
Absolutely Pure

Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against alum and all forms of adulteration common to the cheap brands.
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

J. A. Bitner, of Eagleville, spent Wednesday in Bellefonte.

H. C. Campbell, of Fairbrook, is attending court this week.

J. R. Bumgardner, of Eagleville, was a visitor to our town Wednesday.

J. H. Reifsnyder, of Millheim, is transacting business in Bellefonte this week.

D. Irvin Bitner, of Hagarstown, Md., registered at the Garman House Wednesday.

A Brother's Heroism.

Little Rebecca Miller, daughter of James Miller, of Bellefonte, had a narrow escape from drowning Friday. It was only through the heroism of her brother, Lewis, that her life was saved.

She had been sitting at the gates of the dam at the rolling mill fishing with a party of other children, and being tired soon fell asleep. While in this condition she slipped into the deep water, and in an instant was swept down by the swift current. She did not awaken and was unconscious of her danger, although the water was dashing her body from one side of the stream to the other.

The cries of her companions attracted her brother, who happened along just at that moment. The plucky young fellow dived into the water head first, and after a hard struggle succeeded in bringing his almost drowned sister to the shore.

HOW TO FIND OUT.

Fill a bottle or common water glass with urine and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates a diseased condition of the kidneys. When urine stains linen it is positive evidence of kidney trouble. Too frequent desire to urinate or pain in the back, is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

WHAT TO DO.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp Root, the great kidney remedy, fulfills every wish in relieving pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passages. It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to get up many times during the night to urinate. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists, price fifty cents and one dollar. For a sample bottle and pamphlet, both sent free by mail, mention the REPUBLICAN and send your full post office address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghampton, N. Y. The proprietors of this paper guarrantee the genuineness of this offer.

Memorial Day Services.

At the last regular meeting of Gregg Post the committee of Arrangements, reported that ex-judge A. O. Furst had consented, to make the address on Memorial Day on Saturday, May 29th, 1897. We would call especial attention to and invite the young people to the services, and address on this occasion as a time to learn the great lesson of Patriotism and Loyalty to our country, and Flag. Comrades William Jones, and H. H. Montgomery, are the committee on finance and will wait on the citizens for contributions for the expense of the occasion.
[Town papers please copy.]

A Large Funeral.

The funeral of Daniel Bitner, at Blanchard on Monday, was one of the largest held in this vicinity in years. Revs. Blair and Long conducted the services. Interment was made at Blanchard.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.
Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.